

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Friday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.
BY O. T. HOOVER.
Terms:—\$1.00 per year in advance.
Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

OPERATIVE, PROSTHETIC AND
Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and local anesthetics used in extracting. Permanently located.
H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bros.' Bank

FRANK SHAVER,
Prop. of the "City" Barber Shop. Kempf Bros. old bank building.
CHELSEA, MICH.

R. McCOLGAN.
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur.
Office and residence second door west of Methodist church.
Office hours 3 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA MICH.

GEO. W. TURNBULL
Having been admitted to practice as Pension Attorney in the Interior Department, is now prepared to obtain pensions for all ex-soldiers, widows, etc., entitled thereto. None but legal fees charged.

K. GREINER,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours, 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m.
Office in the Sherry Building,
CHELSEA, MICH.

C. S. CHADWICK, D. D. S.,
A graduate of U. of M., will be in Chelsea every Monday and Tuesday of each week to practice Dentistry. I am prepared to do work with skill in all the branches of Dentistry, viz. Crown and Bridge work, Gold, Alloy, Phosphate, Amalgam and other fillings. Gold, Silver, Aluminum and Rubber Dentures. Prices reasonable. Office over Glazier's Drug Store.

Chelsea Savings Bank
Chelsea, Michigan.
Capital Paid In, \$60,000.
Extends to its customers every facility in banking and solicits your patronage.

Hon. S. G. Ives, President.
Thos. S. Seals, Vice-President.
Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.
Thos. E. Wood, 1st Asst. Cashier.
Ernest Walsh, 2d Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
Hon. S. G. Ives Harmon S. Holmes
Thos. S. Seals Wm. J. Knapp
J. L. Babcock Frank P. Glazier
Herman M. Woods John R. Gates
Geo. P. Glazier.

FARMS FOR SALE

Do you want to buy a Good Farm at a Low Price, and on easy terms?

I have three nice farms, and can and will give you a Great Bargain, as I want to sell them.

Come and see me if you have any idea of buying a farm. It will pay you.

GEO. P. GLAZIER,
Chelsea, Mich.

WORLD'S FAIR LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

The fair has been opened Sunday and the whirlwind of fire which was to sweep over the grounds, as predicted by Boston evangelistic extremists, did not materialize.

The fair has been opened Sunday and although the day was perfect, scarcely a third of the number expected by the officials to visit the grounds appeared.

And there you are.

The Almighty did not show his displeasure and on the other hand his family, or that portion of it in Chicago, did not to any extent show that they wanted to see the fair on his day.

The readers of this paper are left to draw their own inference.

Decoration Day at the World's Fair was a stunner, 190,000 people paid to see the big show. With "deadheads" of whom, by the way, there are an immense army, there must have been toward 220,000 people inside the gates of Jackson Park. And yet there was room. A million people would not be particularly crowded. People who have not visited the fair can have no conception of the magnificent distances the grand roominess of everything. It must be seen and even then complete comprehension is impossible.

Talking of interesting exhibits, the visitor to Chicago, and especially the Yankee, should not fail to see the French nation's display of historical relics and curios of the revolution handed down to the heirs of Lafayette. There are chairs, desks and bureaus from Lafayette's library; caskets containing rings enclosing locks of hair from the heads of George and Martha Washington; the sword of honor presented to Lafayette by congress in 1779; a series of historical paintings including the reunion of the French and American generals after the surrender at Yorktown; busts of Washington and Lafayette; a piece of tapestry worked by Martha Washington at the age of 6; a pair of pistols worn by Washington and bequeathed by him to his French colleague; Washington's umbrella; plans of battlefields; tapestries, pictures, swords, autograph letters, and many other things equally interesting. The general public is not admitted but on application, Commissioner Knapp will issue cards by which admission may be obtained. Make an extra effort to view this collection, if necessary, for it is worth it.

Speaking of the Columbian guard brings up the question, what are they for, anyhow? A good part of them do little but draw salary, against the size they are continually kicking. The remainder stand around and look pretty, varying the monotony occasionally by arresting persons who have had the audacity to be robbed or who have allowed themselves to be amused by the antics of the tin soldier brigade. There's a screw loose somewhere. Judging by the size of the police force which keeps order in Chicago 300 Columbian police would be plenty. Instead there are nearly 2,500 and the question again arises: What are they for?

This query is not hard to answer. Every functionary connected with the exposition has several to run his errands; every restaurant has a row at its front entrance for the Lord knows what; several scores proclaim in thunder tones that this is the right way to the electric launches, where one can ride a few rods for 50 cents and so it goes. Guards should be stationed behind each guest at the restaurants to see that he does not eat pie with knife others should be placed at the peri-style to keep the waves from Lake Michigan from running into the lagoon, a corps should be detailed to keep the flies off the statue of the Republic and the farce would be complete.

It is not at all strange that the fisheries building is most popular among visitors to the exposition. The salt water aquariums of course attract the greater share of attention, especially among inlanders. The display is fine and has recently been improved in several ways. Two land sharks are viewed with great curiosity and the three-foot catfish draw fourth exclamations of wonder from people who have been accustomed to catching nothing larger than three inch bullheads. Curious people go into ecstasies of wonder over the crabs, sea plants that are half animal and the like and crowd before the glass cases in such numbers that the Columbian guards stationed in the fisheries building sweat in the tight fitting pretty tin soldier uniforms until they are ready to drop.

There is one thing at least that calls for commendation this week. That is the music, or rather, the outdoor portion of it. It is not denied that Thomas' concert plays harmoniously, intune and all that, but the average visitor doesn't appreciate it. He wants something besides rips and tears, tweedles and turns and chromatic runs, and he makes a break out of music hall straight for the administration plaza. pays 10 cents for a chair if no bench is empty, and sits down and drinks his fill of the melody rolling out from the pagoda which hold Sousa's band. And such a band! It is simply magnificent and people who have the least liking for music concede that its concerts are worth the price of admission to the whole show. There are other bands, of course, but Sousa's is incomparable. And best of all, it's American.

The doctors have been in congress at the art institute the past week and pills and physics have been thoroughly discussed. A council of this sort is just as good, perhaps, as that which assembles about the bedside of some unfortunate—and its a mighty sight cheaper.

The row in regard to the management of the fair is again to the fore. The plain truth of the matter is that there are too many bosses. Exhibitors get no satisfaction from protests, concessionaires are as far in the woods as ever and there is a beautiful wrangle all around. The criticisms of the newspapers have awakened some of the officials and an effort is being made to straighten things out. Some of the high titled men will fall with a "dull sickening thud" and there will be less fuss of feathers and more action—if present plans are carried out. It is high time, says everybody.

The Sunday opening Sunday closing fight is on in all its twists and turnings and no doubt before this is placed before your readers, will have settled one way or the other. An Illinois state judge has granted an injunction restraining the directors from closing Sunday and the Sunday closers are striving hard for an injunction to restrain the directors from opening the gates. If the injunction be granted, we shall in all probability see a conflict between government and state officials which will be rather interesting.

A party stood viewing the Arizona exhibit of petrified woods the other day. Among them were a man and a woman who appeared extremely interested in the beautifully marked and polished specimens. Finally, looking up at her companion the woman exclaimed, "They petrify that stuff just as they want to use it, don't they?" The rest of the party slowly faded away.

The World's Fair officials are going to build a six foot addition to their fence. It has been decided that

STRAW HAT SALE.

CLOTHING DEPT.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

Stock complete. Prices the lowest. Come and get one at once as every hat must be sold before

JULY 5, 1893.

We have just purchased at a large discount from regular prices for cash about 300

Suits for Men, Boys and Children

which we are offering at **1-4 OFF.** If you are in need of a suit or odd pants visit our Clothing Dept. We are also showing a nice line of carriage dusters at low prices.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

All prices and styles, the best for the money that we are able to secure. Our line of

NECKWEAR

is the most complete we have ever shown in this line at 25cts. Can't be beat.

Respectfully,

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

HAY FORKS, 25c.



If you are going to buy any Haying and Harvesting Tools remember we are selling the Champion Binders and Mowers, Thomas, Tiger and Daisy Horse Rakes and Tiger and Thomas Tedders. We are also headquarters for Machine Oils. We are also making some very low prices on Oliver Plows and Corn Cultivators.

HOAG & HOLMES.

DO YOU WANT GOOD GOODS at CHEAP PRICES

Gasoline, per gal., 10c Mackerel, per can, 12 1-2
Tea, per lb., 12 1-2 to 50c to 15c
Salmon, per can, 12 to 18c Coffee, per lb., 22 to 35c
Fine Cut Tobacco, per lb., 28 to 40c.

Cash paid for Eggs. Goods delivered promptly.

J. S. CUMMINGS.

this will greatly reduce the number free admissions, as the average Chicagoan is athletic enough to jump a fence if it is not too high.

Kentucky dedicated her building last Thursday and people from the blue grass state unveiled a statue of Daniel Boone in addition. The statue is in the rotunda of the building and in plaster of paris. After the exposition it will be carefully recast in bronze and transferred to Louisville. Governor Brown made the dedicatory address.

A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Is a daily chronicle in our papers; also the death of some dear friend, who has died with consumption, whereas, if he or she had taken Otto's cure for throat and lung diseases in time, life would have been rendered happier and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the throat and lungs call at F. P. Glazier, sole agent, and get a trial bottle free. Large size bottle 50c.

Ripans Tabules: a family remedy.

In Sheep's Clothing.



CHAPTER XXI—Continued.

Dinah pointed her staff in the direction she wished them to take; but Old Somonk, the only one that was not in an attitude to start right off, called out:

"We were left here by the chief, and told to stay as we value our lives."

"Hold!" cried Untilla in clear, silvery tones. "Uncas, chief of the Montauks, is at this moment in the settlements of the whites, and he cannot command. I am his sister; I am Untilla, a descendant of the mighty Wyandanch, and, in my brother's absence, my word is law. I command you to leave here at once, and open not your lips about what has happened till my brother or I bid you speak."

While Untilla was speaking, Old Somonk's wife secured her pot; and now she headed the procession that marched off at the bidding of the princess.

The Indians were out of sight in a few minutes, and then Dinah's manner changed like magic.

The trappings of the priestess had answered her purpose, so she threw them off, and, going to the vault, she seized the flat stone that answered for a door, and rushed in.

Untilla was close behind her. The light was dim, as compared with the glaring sunlight without, but was still sufficient to enable them to distinguish the bed, and on it the form of a man.

"We must get 'im out, honey," said Dinah. "Think ye kin lift de half?"

"Yes, Dinah; if need be, I can carry him alone," replied Untilla.

One seized the head of the bed and the other the foot, and in a few minutes they had carried Ralph Denham from the vault and placed him in the shadow of a tree.

With amazing quickness, the old woman drew the cover from his face. Except that it had a flushed, pained expression, as of one trying to break a bond by a tense physical effort, or to rally failing memory by an effort of will, it looked very natural.

Dinah was now all activity. She tore open his coat and underclothing, till his white breast was exposed, and against this she pressed the side of her face, increasing its blackness by the strange contrast.

She remained in this attitude so long that Untilla, unable to suppress her anxiety, called out:

"Dinah, Dinah! tell me if he will live?"

"He 'pears strong, but he's droogid, Ha, I knowed he was droogid, or dead."

"An' he'll live, Dinah?"

Untilla was beside him, chafing the strong hand, which the sun had bronzed to a hue much darker than her own.

"We'll fetch 'im to. Doan't skeer, honey, Dr. Hedges he sez Dinah know."

The old woman removed the white turban from about her head, and handing it to Untilla, told her to wet it at a neighboring spring, and then fasten it about the captain's brow.

While Untilla was doing this, Dinah took off Ralph's shoes and stockings, and running back to the fire, took them from the pot of herbs.

Tearing off part of her dress, just as if she carried it for surgical purposes, Dinah took the herbs, now steaming hot, and bound them about the captain's feet.

He moved as if the heat gave him pain, and he heaved a long sigh.

Dipping one of the unused herbs in the liquor in the pot, Dinah skillfully pressed open the Captain's mouth and teeth, and by means of the moistened herb, slowly dropped several spoonfuls of the liquor into his mouth.

To her great joy, she saw by the movements of his throat that he was swallowing, and that with each effort the pained, intense expression on his face gave way to one of peaceful rest.

They kept up their efforts for an hour, when Dinah said:

"Now let him rest a while."

"And then you think he will be better?"

"Den we can wake 'em an' gib 'im suthin' to eat. Massy, won't 'e be s'prised when 'e does wake up en see whar 'e ez."

They walked back to the fire, and Dinah took from the bottom of the wonderful basket some large green leaves, inside of which were a trout and a fat woodcock, both ready for the fire.

"Now, honey," said Dinah, pointing to the articles of food, "dem tings'll taste better of you cook 'em."

"But will Ralph be able to eat?"

"A man ez can't eat ain't got long to live; we'll tempt 'im, honey," replied Dinah.

The old woman lit a short black pipe and smoked while she watched the beautiful Indian girl preparing the meal for Ralph Denham.

When the woodcock and trout were done to a turn and placed on the corn cake which answered for an edible dish, Dinah knicked the ashes from her pipe and asked, as she rose briskly to her feet:

"Now I'll see 'o 'e 'pears."

Untilla watched the old woman, and in her anxiety was about to follow, when she saw Ralph's hand thrown up and pressed to his eyes, as when men rouse from a long sleep.

Before Dinah could reach him, Ralph Denham was sitting up. Then he turned his head, looked about him, and pressed his hands to his eyes, as if to

stop the dream that haunted him into wakefulness.

The old woman, with that rare penetration that distinguished her, divined the trouble. Running up to Ralph from behind, she laid both hands on his shoulders, and said, in her most cheerful accents:

"Taint a dream, Ralph Den'am; yer heah wid me en Untilla. Ye bin ract. Wait till I put on yer shoes en stockin's, en I'll tell ye 'bout it."

She could not have lit on more appropriate words. Ralph Denham, in his own sea experience, had known of men who lay down calmly in bunk or hammock on shipboard, and woke up on a strange strand with strange faces about them.

Men, who frequently act bravely and conspicuously on occasions of great danger, have not the slightest recollection of their acts, when the danger and excitement are over.

Something like this flashed through Ralph Denham's mind, as with his eyes closed he threw himself back on his couch, while Dinah put on his shoes and stockings.

"Last night I took too much wine on the Wanderer. She must have been wrecked off Montauk Point, after the rudder was repaired, and in so e way I was rescued; and here I am among old friends."

"Dar, de shoes am on," said Dinah, gleefully. "Now, try en wa k de flah, wher Untilla's got somethin' to eat."

Dinah gave him her hand, and he grasped it in affection, rather than with any thought of wanting its support.

He was stiff and sore, and when he gained his feet, he staggered, and would have fallen, had not a lithe, strong form sprang to his side, and thrown one arm about him.

"Untilla," he whispered. "God bless you, Untilla."

They led him over near the fire, and made him sit down, with his back to a tree.

"Where are the rest?" he asked, glancing about him, with an expression, half-awe, half-wonder, on his handsome face. "Am I the sole survivor? How did I get here?"

"Wait, honey, en arter a bit I'll tole ye. But now I'll say dat de Fader of de lan' en water, en of all de worls, de Fader dat save ye from de waves in de pas, hez now saved ye from de chief of de Montauks," said Dinah, standing behind him, and smoothing back his curly brown hair. She had often stroked it when it hung in golden ringlets to his shoulders, in the days beyond his memory, in that other Long Island that was his home.

"The Wanderer is wrecked," he said, looking appealingly at Untilla, who was fanning him with a bunch of graceful ferns.

"Not that; wait and we will tell you," said Untilla.

"But how did I come here? Speak, I am strong enough to hear, or, if you have aught to communicate, that you think would unnerve me at this time, let me assure you that my anxiety to hear it frets me more keenly than anything you can say."

"I'll tell ye; but mebbe fust it'd be mo' bettah ef ye was to tell us all ye kin rekimbah sense ye lef Sag Harbor on dat ship," said Dinah, squatting on the ground, where his eyes could rest on her.

Captain Denham stroked his forehead, and briefly recounted everything, up to the breaking of the rudder chain and his going to sleep.

"In dat's all ye know?"

"That's all, Dinah."

"Den ye mus' hev bin a sleepin' nigh goin' on to six days."

"What!" he exclaimed.

"Of co-az we does not know; but I'll tell ye wot me en Untilla does know, foh we've been watchin' foh dat ship to come back, and I never 'spected she'd bring Ralph Den'am back to land."

Then, with great precision, Dinah told all she knew, but she prefaced her recital of the present case by telling Ralph the story of his early life, substituting, with nice art, another name, and somewhat dissimilar conditions.

With rare skill, she told of the part Fox played, and how Uncas was to complete his work.

Without disclosing her own sources of information, he could imagine them—she told of everything that had transpired among the Montauks, and at Sag Harbor, in which he could have interest, up to the last night.

"And you say a letter is said to have been sent by me from New York to Sag Harbor, telling Mr. Hedges to turn over the command of the Sea Hawk to this man?" asked Ralph, still pressing his eyes, as if determined, by will-power, to dispel an illusion.

"Dat is wot I say, en de Wandrah's now at Sag Harbor."

"My God, the man's name can't be Fox."

"En it ain't," chuckled Dinah. "His name's Captain William Kidd."

"Captain Kidd?"

Ralph Denham's eyes flashed like fire, and, with an energy that was miraculous, he leaped to his feet.

"Dat's de man; I know 'im."

Without heeding Dinah's words, Ralph Denham raised his clenched hands above his head and cried out:

"Oh, I have been a blind fool. Why did I not act on my suspicions, and not from the promptings of my heart? I dreaded the man, and yet I had no proof. I must away at once. The Sea Hawk, my honor, must be saved, or I die in the attempt."

He would have dashed off through the woods at once, but Untilla raised her hands before him and he stopped, with his head bowed.

"I have a boat and strong rowers awaiting you beyond the cliff. Come with us, and before the sun has been down an hour you shall be in Sag Harbor."

"En Uncas 'll see a ghost," Ha, ha!

Wait, honey; de ind ain't yet."

Under the cliffs, about a mile from this point, they found a canoe awaiting them, manned by six powerful Montauk

rowers. Into this Ralph Denham got, and Dinah and Untilla followed.

CHAPTER XXII.

SAG HARBOR BECAME WILDLY EXCITED, AND THE CONTAGION REACHES THE SURROUNDING ISLANDS.

Captain Ralph Denham had passed through an ordeal that would have prostrated an older, or less vigorous man. Indeed, if it had not been for the mental excitement under which he was now laboring, he could not have kept up.

He sat back in the canoe, watching the rowers as, with regular sweeps, they plied their paddles, and flew across the shadows near the shore. Quick as was their speed, it was too slow for him.

At moments, he would close his eyes, and try to reason that it was all a dream, and that he would wake up to find himself on board the Wanderer, in New York harbor, for it was expected the ship would reach that port the morning after leaving Montauk Point.

But Dinah's voice, as she spoke in low tones to Untilla, recalled him to a full sense of the wakeful reality of his position.

Dinah's voice, with her strange accent and earnest manner; it seemed to him that all his earliest recollections were associated with that voice. Memory could not carry him back beyond a time when it was not familiar, and often since reaching manhood, when wondering if ever the veil would be lifted from the mystery of his early life, the thought would come to him, and his reason would weigh it and reject it, that the old woman would explain it all.

So great was the speed made by the rowers that before dark Ralph Denham could see away to the westward the outlines of his own and Fox's ships.

Shortly after dark the men at the paddles, acting under the instructions of Untilla, directed their canoe into a little cove and made a landing.

"Why not keep straight on to the town?" asked Ralph.

"Wait till I send back the canoe and I will explain," replied Untilla.

She went back to the canoe, spoke to the Montauks in their own language, and they at once pushed out the canoe, and started back to the point from which they had come.

They were still on the land of the Montauks, and near by there was a fishing hut which was frequently occupied by the chief. To this Ralph Denham followed Untilla and old Dinah.

The place was provided with seats and a rude couch, and after carefully closing the door Dinah made a light on the hearth, and said:

"It 'pears to me like ye don't seem to see as dar's a sight of trouble on han'."

"I assure you, Dinah, I fully appreciate that, and hence my anxiety to get on board of my ship," replied Ralph.

"Now, jes' let me 'splain 'ow I feels 'bout dat," said the old woman, coming nearer, and adding force to her words by her quick, nervous gestures. "En Untilla, she'll bar me out in sayin' dat I'm jes' 'bout right. En wen ye've heard me, den ef ye sez don't keer, I 'se goin' board any 'ow, wy, den ye'll go, dat's all."

"Go on, Dinah; I will listen," said Ralph, crossing his arms and letting his chin rest on his breast.

Dinah used no long words; she only knew a few of that character, and she was never quite certain that she comprehended the n. Now, she wanted Ralph Denham to understand her distinctly, and not to be diverted from her reasoning by any unusual address in her speech.

Her vocabulary was limited to words of one syllable, which she invariably mispronounced. She seemed to prefer arranging them in ways that assured their inaccuracy from a grammatical standpoint; yet she never left her hearer in doubt as to her meaning.

Again she rehearsed all that had taken place in Sag Harbor during Ralph's absence. She showed him that his friends believed he was in New York, that one of his foes at least—Colonel Graham—believed that he was dead, and that the others arrayed against him were sure he was in their power.

Dinah went on to show him that neither friend nor foe looked for him in Sag Harbor, at this time, and that if he were to enter the town at once, Fox, who was in virtual command of both ships, not only could, but would have him killed at once, and so defeat the object, which Ralph himself had in view.

This, and much more, she advanced, in her quick, earnest way, closing by saying that she and Untilla would go to the town at once, find Mr. Hedges, and Valentine Dayton, quickly tell them the whole situation, and bring them to the Captain, who, after a conversation with them, would know how to act.

Ralph Denham was burning with anxiety to be away, yet he was impressed by Dinah's reasoning and Untilla's pleadings; and he saw that they were right.

"Very well, how long will you be gone?" he asked.

"They told him they would return as soon as they found the officers they went in search of; they would be back by midnight, certainly by daylight."

"But you leave me unarmed," he said.

"Ah!" exclaimed Untilla, "I came near forgetting what has been on my mind ever since we came here."

She stepped on a bench, and reaching up to a few boards that made a little loft above the fire-place, she brought down a belt and handed it to Ralph.

It contained two fine pistols, a dagger with a horn hilt, and pouches well filled with powder and ball.

"You see," said Ralph, as he strapped the belt about his waist, "there is no knowing who may pay me a visit while you are gone."

They assured him that there was no danger of any one's coming, and then shaking his hand again and again, they left him alone in the hut.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Poisoned by a Black Kid Glove.

A woman at Redruth, England, died recently from blood poisoning caused by rubbing a small sore on her face with her black kid gloves. Inflammation set in, her head swelled enormously, and she died after a very brief illness.

EXPENSES AT THE FAIR.

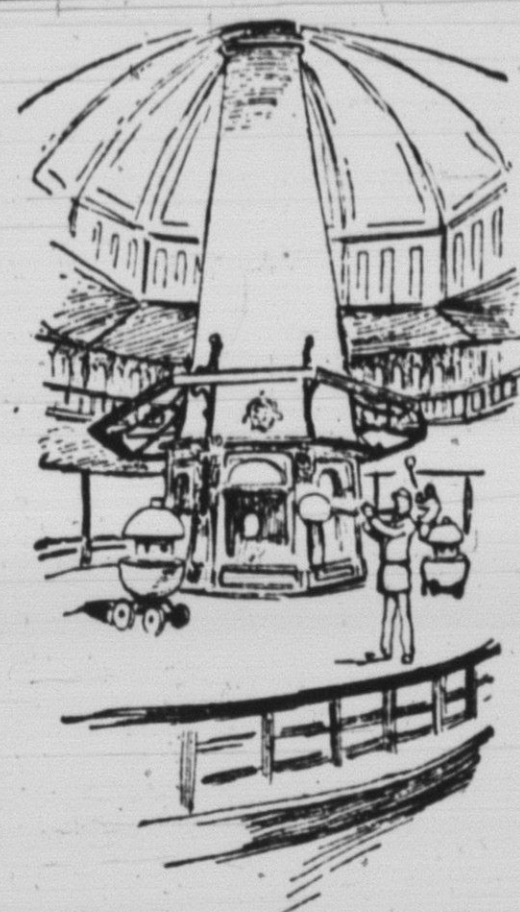
WHAT IT WILL COST TO SEE THE BIG SHOW.

Visitors May Spend as Much Money as They Choose—The Man Who Wishes to Economize Will See the Exposition at a Small Price.

One Day for 90 Cents.

World's Fair correspondence: If a man is fond of: Pink catalogues, with pages full of italic type, cactus sprouts and hyacinth bulbs, liberty bells made out of glass, imported asparagus at 10 cents a stalk, cigars costing 20 cents each and wearing gold-laced sedan chairs carried by Turks at \$1 an hour, Japanese vases, with yellow catfish chasing red butterflies over a pink landscape, effervescent drink at \$2.75 a pint, and other luxuries, he can manage to spend quite a roll of money in one brief day at the Fair. It is impossible to say just what is the expense of seeing the Exposition unless you know your man.

In spite of all that has been printed and circulated about extortion, extras and sideshows, the visitor who keeps books and trims his expenses down to necessities can get along without



GLASS BLOWERS IN THE MIDWAY PLAISANCE

wasting any more money than he would at a ball game or a circus. On the other hand, the person who feels that he has silver coin to feed to the fishes can find what is commonly known as "action." Between these two there is the happy medium—the man who is willing to see what is worth seeing, and expend a reasonable sum where it will do the most good. A paper recently made an editorial announcement that in order to get any satisfaction out of a day at the Fair the visitor would have to part with \$36. It would keep a man busy to spend that much. He would be compelled to eat numerous meals and pick out the most expensive articles on the bill of fare. He would have to chase from one end of the plaisance to the other, patronizing every show and scattering tips among the Egyptians. His pockets would be loaded down with souvenirs. Specially chartered palanquins and rolling chairs would be at his service. At eventide the ambulance would carry him to the emergency hospital free of charge, and no one would pity him.

On a Minimum Basis.

Let it be supposed that the visitor starts from downtown to put in the entire day at the grounds and return in the evening. This will make three items of expense absolutely necessary—transportation, admission to the park and some kind of luncheon at the noon hour. The round trip to the grounds will cost at least 10 cents, the cheapest routes being the cable and the "L" roads. By the boats it is 15 cents one way, or 25 cents for the round trip. The yellow trains on the Illinois Central charge 10 cents a single trip. A lunch of sandwiches and fruit may be procured at any downtown counter for



INFORMATION FOR SIGHT-SEERS

15 or 20 cents. On the grounds a sandwich and cup of coffee costs 20 cents and no more. Provided the frugal visitor puts up with this "snack," his actual expenses for the day will be:

Car fare (Illinois Central) \$.20
Admission50
Lunch20

Total \$.90

This is a belrock programme, but hundreds of people who have visited the Fair have spent no more. The extras which afford the most satisfaction are cheap. For 10 cents the intramural road will carry a passenger the entire length of the ground and give him an elevated view of the buildings. One of the steam or electric launches will carry him around the lagoon system and bring him back to the starting place

for 25 cents. Then it is a good thing to have a guide book. Outside the fence are sold some fairly good books at 10 cents each. The official guide is 25 cents. These three extras come on the first day at the Fair and assist the visitor in getting the lay of the ground and locating buildings. Added to the above table they would make:

Necessary expenses \$.90
Elevated road25
Launch ride25
Guide book25

Total \$ 1.65

After these staples, so to speak, the visitor may plunge into luxuries to his heart's content. The lunch may be elaborated to a meat order with dessert and something to drink. This would cost 50 cents to 75 cents. In one day of ordinary sight-seeing, it is impossible to take in more than one or two of the smaller shows, such as the Esquimaux village, Hagenbeck's animals, Turkish theater or a big panorama. These cost 25 cents to 50 cents each. Any one who has some definite part of the grounds in view and does not care to ramble aimlessly can reach his destination sooner by the elevated road or a launch than with a rolling chair and a boy.

Taking a Liberal View.

The following would be the estimate of expenses of one who spends his money freely but without extravagance:

Car fare \$.20
Admission50
Guide book25
Launch ride25
Lunch25
Side shows75

Total \$ 2.45

These expenses would naturally be reduced after the fifth or sixth day on the grounds, as the visitor would by that time be supplied with the necessary guide-books to the different buildings and would have seen all that he cared to see in the pay-shows along the plaisance. Instead of finding the Exposition a drain upon his finances he would be compelled to use some diligence to get rid of \$2 a day, for his time and attention would be directed to the art galleries and other displays which are offered without money and without price.

Here is an exact copy of what one man spent in six days at the Fair, counting from the time he left his hotel until he returned in the evening.

Car fare \$ 1.10
Admissions 3.00
Lunches and electric road 3.00
Lunches 3.00
Admission to small shows 2.75
Guide-books 1.35
Small sundries 2.00

Total \$ 14.00

No Regard for Expenses.

It is pretty hard to make any estimate for the people who wish to purchase everything that suits their fancy and see the sights from beginning to end, regardless of the outlay. They



COURT IN GERMAN CASTLE

would go in for rolling chairs, symphony concerts, and a luncheon of several courses. They would find opportunities to tip the attendants, buy flowers in the horticultural building, and gather knickknacks at the foreign bazaars. In going to the Exposition they might prefer to swing down Michigan boulevard on a trolley beside a man in a plush hat, who toots a long horn. These visitors will keep no expense account. If they did the daily entries might be about as follows:

Tally-ho, round trip \$ 2.00
Rolling chair, all day 3.00
Luncheon 1.25
Plaisance shows 1.00
Gondola ride 1.00
Tips and sundries 2.00

Total \$ 10.25

The great beauty about the big show at Jackson Park is that the man who spends 50 cents is bound to see as many sights and get as much out of his day as the pampered millionaire who spends \$10.25. The concessioner has no hold on the landscapes and domes. The humble sandwich and nut-brown sinner stand ready to welcome the poor man who flees from fricandeau of veal at 85 cents. If a traveler came into Chicago, engaged the bridal chamber at the hotel and had a box at the theater every night he could figure out that living was high in this city. It's the same way at Jackson Park. People who crave luxuries are the only ones who will spend any large sums. The plain and unassuming folk from Peotone, Chebanse, and Indian Mound will carry a few bites of lunch in a paper box and drink water freely from the blue tanks, and see the Fair proper just as thoroughly as the spendthrift who will let go of a small fortune during his visit.

The above proves very conclusively the statement made in a previous letter that the weekly expenses of the visitor to the Columbian Exposition need not exceed \$25.

THE United States have 43,000,000 sheep.

Nothing of original or superior merit but has its imitations and counterfeits, even to imperiling the health of communities. For this reason the proprietors of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters caution their patrons to scrutinize every bottle offered (and it is sold ONLY in bottles) and verify its many marks of genuineness.

A sufficient warning to those meditating fraud can be found in the unbroken line of judicial decisions, exposing and severely punishing every one detected in counterfeiting the Bitters, and the redoubled efforts that are being made to protect the public from the deception of these unprincipled pirates.

Remember the Bitters is sold in bottles only, never by the gallon or in bulk.

Flavoring Teas.

In some parts of Europe a small piece of vanilla root is put into the teapot with the tea. But there is a daintier way of taking vanilla flavor with the "cheering cup." In England some tea services are flavored when in process of making. The potter mixes the essence with the clay, and it is thus baked into every piece of the service. Afterwards, whenever the tea things get hot as they are being used, they exhale a faint aroma of vanilla, which seems more delicate to the taste.

Work for Workers.

Are you ready to work, and do you want to make money? Then write to B. F. Johnson & Co., of Richmond, Va., and see if they cannot help you.

Nearly Equal.

The United States furnish 673,000 Freemasons and 647,471 Odd Fellows with lodge-room reasons for late hours and latch keys.

Ask your grocer for a dollar's worth of Dobbins' new Perfect Soap, 5c a bar. If he hasn't it he will get it. A bar is worth two bars of any other 5c soap ever made.

THE most remarkable impostor was George Psalmanazar, who invented a language and wrote a literature in it.



Mrs. Theresa Harrison
Albion, Pa.

Misery Turned to Comfort.

Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness, Distress in the Stomach—All CURED.

"ALBION, Erie Co., Pa., Feb. 18, '03.
"I can truly say that Hood's Sarsaparilla has done more for me than all the prescriptions and other medicines I have ever taken. For fourteen years I have suffered with kidney troubles, my back being so lame at times that I

Could Not Raise Myself
up out of my chair. Nor could I turn myself in bed. I could not sleep, and suffered great distress with my food. I have taken four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla with the most gratifying results. I feel like a new person, and my terrible sufferings have all gone.

Life Is Comfort
compared to the misery it used to be. I can now go to bed and have a good night's rest; can eat heartily without any distress. I am

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

willing this should be published for others' good." MRS. THERESA HARRISON.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

FREE! A sensible Cook Book for practical people. Tells how to make the best Brown Bread, the best Meat Stews, the best-baked Fish or Meat Hash, Plain Cake, Apple Pie, Baked Beans, Doughnuts, Delicious Puddings from odds and ends. Tells how to economize and still set a good table, and also tells how to always have a good appetite and keep strong and well by the use of the grand remedy of the Indians, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. This valuable and Practical Cook Book should be in every kitchen; and we will send it free to any address upon receipt of a two-cent stamp to pay postage. Address, Healy & Bigelow, New Haven, Conn.

CURES RISING :: BREAST ::

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest offered child-bearing woman. I have been a mid-wife for many years, and in each case where "Mother's Friend" had been used it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and worth the price for that alone.

Mrs. M. M. BRISTON,
Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.50 per bottle.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Sold by all druggists. ATLANTA, GA.

BEST POLISH IN THE WORLD.

RISEING SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED
with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn the Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, and Durable. Each package contains six ounces; when moistened will make several boxes of Paste Polish.

HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

NEW PENSION RULING.

HOKE SMITH MAKES AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Disabilities Are Limited to Injuries that Prevent the Applicant from Earning a Living—His Said that the Decree Will Effect a Big Saving.

To Cut On Pensions.

A Washington dispatch says that the most important pension decision ever sent out from the office of the Secretary of the Interior to the Commissioner of Pensions has just been filed. It is claimed by those high in authority in the Pension Bureau that it will reduce the payment of pensions under the act of June 27, 1890, between \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000. It involves the repeal of an order passed by Gen. Raum and approved by Assistant Secretary Bussey and a return to the language of the statute requiring the disability, not of service origin, to be such as to prevent the applicant from earning a support by manual labor. Secretary Hoke Smith has been considering the principles involved in the decision for several weeks, and so important did he deem it that when it was called to his attention from the Pension Board of Appeals he submitted the questions involved to the Attorney General and the Commissioner of Pensions, both of whom concurred in the correctness of the decision.

Basis of the Decision.

The decision is in the case of one Bennett who sought a pension under the old law, alleging that while in the service at Raleigh, N. C., he was prostrated by sunstroke which resulted in partial deafness in both ears. His application was denied on the ground that while the applicant has slight deafness, as alleged, it was not of sufficient severity to warrant any rating. The testimony showed that Bennett could hear a watch tick at the distance of half an inch from either ear. Bennett subsequently applied for and received a pension of \$12 a month under the act of June 27, 1890. This act allows a pension ranging from \$6 to \$12 per month to ex-soldiers or sailors suffering from any disability of a permanent character not the result of their own vicious habits, which incapacitates them for the performance of manual labor to such a degree as to render them unable to earn a support. The inability to earn a support is therefore made the basis of the law. During Commissioner Raum's administration an order was issued, known as order No. 164, which directed that all claims for a pension under the act of June 27, 1890, should be rated the same as like disabilities of service origin, and that all cases showing a pensionable disability, which, if of service origin, would be rated at or above \$12 a month, should be rated at \$12 a month.

The Standard of Disability.

The only requirement to obtain a pension under the law applicable to pensions of service origin is disability by reason of wounds received or disease contracted while in the service and in line of duty. "Incapacity to perform manual labor," says the Secretary, "which is the foundation to the right to pension under the act of June 27, 1890, fixes an entirely different standard of disability from that just mentioned, contained in the Revised Statutes, covering injuries of service origin. Disabilities incurred while in active service and incapacity coming upon an applicant long after service ceased are made by the law to stand upon an entirely different footing. Those incurred during service and in line of duty are pensionable without regard to capacity to earn a support, and are graded without reference to this condition. Disabilities resulting from causes other than of service origin are only pensionable when incapacity to labor joins with incapacity to earn a support, and the grades of rating are dependent upon these two conditions. When by order No. 164 it was declared that disabilities under the act of June 27, 1890, should be rated as if of service origin, the very principle which governed the rating under the act of June 27, 1890, was displaced and a rule applicable to a different act was substituted."

CHRISTIANS AT FAULT.

Plain Talk to the United Presbyterian Assembly About the World's Fair.

In presenting a partial report on reform to the United Presbyterian Assembly at Monmouth, Ill., Rev. W. J. Robinson, D. D., of Allegheny, said that crime was on the increase; that this was a nation of Sabbath desecrators legalized by the action of the Government; that the World's Fair gates will be opened on Sunday because the Government was powerless to prevent it. He thought that this deplorable condition of the country was caused by the lack of interest manifested among the Christian people. He maintained that the professors of religion were not united and that they neither worked nor voted as they prayed. The question of the federation of churches was taken up and much interest manifested in the matter. This discussion is pursuant to a plan of the committee appointed by the conference of Presbyterian organizations held in New York City on March 2. At that conference the following bodies were represented: The Presbyterian Church, United Presbyterian Church, the Reformed Church in America, the Reformed Presbyterian Church, General Synod and Associated Reformed Synod in the South.

Enormous Loss by Fire.

The Baltimore sugar refinery was started in 1891. In 1892 it shut down for remodeling. Monday it was to be reopened, but Sunday it was destroyed by fire. The estimated damages are over \$1,000,000.

How Conkling Stopped Chewing Tobacco. Roscoe Conkling used to say that the simplest way for a person to stop the habit of tobacco chewing was to keep a package of crystallized candy in his pocket and substitute a lump of it for the "wood" whenever a desire arose for the latter. This way, Mr. Conkling said, he had broken off tobacco chewing, but he had never been able to abandon smoking.

A Matter of Health

It costs more to make Royal Baking Powder than any other, because its ingredients are more highly refined and expensive. But the Royal is correspondingly purer and higher in leavening strength, and of greater money value to the consumer. The difference in cost of Royal over the best of the others does not equal the difference in leavening strength, nor make good the inferior work of the cheaper powders, nor remove the impurities which such powders leave in the food.

Where the finest food is required, the Royal Baking Powder only can be used.

Where the question of health is considered, no baking powder but Royal can be used with safety. All others are shown by official analyses to contain lime, ammonia or alum.

DOUBTFUL WORDS.

Expressions that Are Incorrect and Should Be Avoided.

Miss Hodgkins, teacher at Wellesley College, has prepared for the benefit of her young lady students the following list of "words, phrases, and expressions to be avoided":

"Guess" for "suppose" or "think."
"Fix" for "arrange" or "prepare."
"Ride" and "drive" interchangeable. (Americanism.)
"Real" as an adverb, in expressions "real good" for "really" or "very good," etc.
"Some" or "any" in an adverbial sense; e. g.: "I have studied some" for "somehow," "I have not studied any" for "at all."
"Some" ten days for "about" ten days. Not "as" I know for "that" I know.
"Storms" for "it rains" or "snows" moderately.
"Try" an experiment for "make" an experiment.
Singular subject with contracted plural verb, e. g.: "She don't skate well."
Plural pronoun with singular antecedent. Every "man" or "woman" should do "their" duty; or, if you look "any one" straight in the face "they" will flinch.
"Expect" for "suspect."
"First rate" as an adverb.
"Nice," indiscriminately.
"Had" rather for "would" rather.
"Had" better for "would" better.
"Right away" for "immediately."
"Party" for "person."
"Promise" for "assure."
"Pasted" for "informed."
"Post graduate" for "graduate."
"Depot" for "station."
"Stopping" for "staying."
Try "and" go for try "to" go.
Try "and" do for try "to" do.
"Cunning" for "smart;" "dainty."
"Cute" for "acute."
"Funny" for "odd" or "unusual."
"Above" for "foregoing," "more than" or "beyond."
Does it look "good" enough for "well" enough.
The matter "of" for the matter "with."
"Like" I do for "as" I do.
Not "as good" as for not "so good" as.
Feel "badly" for feel "bad."
Feel "good" for feel "well."
"Between" seven for "among" seven.
Seldom "or" ever for seldom "if" ever, or "seldom or never."
Taste and smell "of" when used transitively.
More than you think "for" for "more than you think."
"These" kind for "this" kind.
"Nicely" in response to an inquiry.
"Healthy" for "wholesome."
Just "as soon" for just "as lief."
"Kind of," to indicate a moderate degree.—Buffalo Evening News.

ONE DOSE OF EPOCHAM'S PILLS RELIEVES SICK HEADACHE IN TWENTY MINUTES. For sale by all druggists. 25 cents a box.

A Monster.

A "hog-killing" in North Perry, Me., recently deserves more than local fame. The victim weighed more than half a ton.

For weak and inflamed eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. It is a carefully prepared physician's prescription.

An ocean racer burns about \$13,000 worth of coal every trip.

N. K. Brown's Essence Jamaica Ginger is a wonderful tonic. None better. Try it. 25 cents.

A FULL STOMACH

ought to cause you no discomfort whatever. If it does, though—if there's any trouble after eating—take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're a perfect and convenient vest-pocket remedy. One of these tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious granules at a dose regulates and corrects the entire system. Sick or Bilious Headaches, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and permanently cured.

They're the smallest, easiest to take, cheapest, and best. They're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money is returned.

is perfectly, permanently, positively cured by Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The proprietors of this medicine prove that by their offer. It's \$500 cash for a case of Catarrh which they cannot cure. By all druggists, 50 cents.

Judge Waxen's Properties.

Some patriots needs the tonnick of off's.

"Taint allus a good sine when a married man is anxious to join the army and fite for his country."

The nation that eats the Ameriken eagle has got to eat him raw.

There's a good deal ov spangle to the Star Spangled Banner.

There is times when the Goddess ov Liberty zits a mite too frisky for a gal ov her age.

When a Congressman gits to makin' love to the Goddess ov Liberty, he talks bunkum.

Politicians ain't heroes and vevy vevy.

A starvin' man in this country ought to be unconstitushunal.

The Ameriken eagle was hatched on the Fourth of July—Free Press.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use the California Liquid Laxative Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article, look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Co., printed near the bottom of the package.

Cast Up by the Sea.

Flotsam is the term for such goods as are lost in a wreck and lie floating in the water; jetsam for such goods as have been thrown overboard, and ligam for such goods as have been sunk with a cork or buoy attached to mark their whereabouts. Flotsam, jetsam and ligam are not the lawful spoil of the finders, but must be delivered up to those who can prove a right to them, the owners paying a reasonable reward to those who saved and preserved them, which reward is called salvage.—Globe-Democrat.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

W. L. DORR, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

GOLD can be beaten 1,200 times thinner than ordinary printing paper; one ounce can be made to cover 1,460 square feet.

THE oldest flute in the world is made of the thigh-bone of a sheep and was found in a tomb on the Nile.

JACOBS OIL CURES SCIATICA Back Aches Ball Aches NEURALGIA IT HAS NO EQUAL.

TRADE MARK
REVERSIBLE
COLLARS & CUFFS.

THE best and most economical Collars and Cuffs worn. Try them. You will like them.

Look well. Fit well. Wear well. Sold for 25 cents for a box of Ten collars or Five pairs of cuffs. A sample collar and pair of cuffs sent by mail for 50 cents. Address, giving size and style wanted. "Ask the dealers for them."

Reversible Collar Co., 27 Kilby St., Boston.

WESTERN FARM LANDS!

A pamphlet descriptive of the farm lands of Nebraska, Northwest Kansas and Eastern Colorado, with sectional map, will be mailed free to any address on application to P. K. EUSTIS, General Passenger Agent, C. & N. W. R. R., Chicago, Ill.

Garfield Tea

Overcomes results of bad eating, Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 213 W. 43rd St., N. Y.

Cures Constipation

MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS.

"German Syrup"

JUDGE J. B. HILL, of the Superior Court, Walker county, Georgia, thinks enough of German Syrup to send us voluntarily a strong letter endorsing it. When men of rank and education thus use and recommend an article, what they say is worth the attention of the public. It is above suspicion. "I have used your German Syrup," he says, "for my Coughs and Colds on the Throat and Lungs. I can recommend it for them as a first-class medicine."—Take no substitute.

NEARLY
1000 MILES
IN A LITTLE OVER
1000 MINUTES

The New Fast Train

—VIA THE—
Lake Shore and N. Y. Central Route.
CHICAGO TO NEW YORK

IN
20 HOURS

LV. CHICAGO 2:00 P. M.
AR. NEW YORK 11:00 A. M.
NEXT DAY.
A. J. SMITH, C. K. WILDER,
G. F. & T. L. AGT., West. Pass. Agt.,
CLEVELAND, CHICAGO.

R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

CURES AND PREVENTS
Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Frostbites, Chills, Headache, Toothache, Asthma, DIFFICULT BREATHING.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs.

It was the First and is the Only PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure (Croup, Spasms, Sore Throat, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency, and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists. BE SURE TO GET RADWAY'S.

Bile Beans

Positively cure Bilious Attacks, Constipation, Sick-Headache, etc.

25 cents per bottle, at Drug Stores.

Write for sample dose, free.

J. F. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, New York.

Ely's Cream Balm

WILL CURE
CATARRH

Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm into each nostril.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

TYPE, PRINTING PRESSES

Printers' Materials

Of all kinds for sale at lowest market prices. Newspaper outfits a specialty. For estimates and full particulars address

CHICAGO NEWSPAPER UNION,
87, 89, 91 & 93 S. Jefferson St., Chicago.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED

From 15 to 25 lbs. a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physical) 9¢. No starving. Thousands cured. Send in stamp.

O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 2, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS, TRADE-MARKS.

Examination and Advice as to Patentability of Invention. Send for Inventors' Guide, or How to Get a Patent. PATRICK O'FARRELL, Washington, D. C.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES

Sure relief ASTHMA. Price 50 cents. By mail, Stowell & Co., Charlestown, Mass.

OPIUM

Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

PATENTS

THOMAS P. SIMPSON, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

\$75.00 to \$250.00 can be made monthly working for B. F. JOHNSON & CO., Richmond, Va.

C. N. U. No. 23-93

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS, please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1893.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

If this notice is marked with a pencil it shows that the person to whom this paper is addressed is in arrears, and we would esteem it a favor if he, or she would call and settle, as we are in need of every cent that we can scrape together.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Tommy Speer now rides a new bicycle.

J. L. Gilbert has erected a windmill on his residence lot in this place.

Born, May 30th to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dancer, of Stockbridge. a son.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Webster are now at home in the Burchard house on Orchard street.

A portion of the mill dam at Jerusalem was carried away by the high water Saturday last.

The barn that was being built by Homer Boyd, of Sylvan, was blown down Friday of last week.

Lightning struck the residence of John Bohner, of Lima, Saturday night. The damage was slight.

The Library Association of St. Mary's church, will sell ice cream at the Town Hall, Saturday evening.

Died, Thursday, June 8, 1893, Grace, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Staphis, of diphtheria, aged ten years.

John Beissel, who has been clerking in Blaich's grocery for several years, has severed his connections with that institution.

The Chelsea Union Agricultural Society has decided to hold its fair on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 4th, 5th and 6th.

A careful young man in town when calling on his "best girl" always announces himself by knocking. If he were to come with a ring it might be considered a proposal.

Jenkins says the school board is deserving of gratitude for the well kept lawn in front of the High School building. He also wonders why our church people do not ornament the church yards more. Who can answer him?

E. E. Shaver, the photographer, has a book entitled "The Symme of Christian Religion," by Zacharias Vrsinus, printed in 1617. The book is in a fair state of preservation, and is quite a curiosity. Mr. Shaver is quite enthusiastic on the subject of Indian relics and has quite a collection of articles in that line.

Married, Wednesday afternoon, June 7th, at St. Mary's rectory, Miss Margaret Winters, formerly of this place, and Mr. E. W. Cowlingshaw, of Grand Rapids. A reception was held at the home of the bride's mother in this place from 4 o'clock to 6 o'clock. They left for Grand Rapids on the evening train.

Hon. J. M. B. Sill surprised the students of the Michigan Normal School Wednesday of last week by the announcement he had forwarded to the State Board of Education a letter declining to be a candidate for reappointment as principal; and that his connection with the institution would end with the present school year. This will complete a seven years' connection with the Noema, during which time the school has had a wonderful growth in importance and efficiency.

The wheat market continues to decline and the idea of a bottom has been abandoned. It has got to 60 cents with almost a certainty that it will go lower. The large surplus with good crop prospect and light foreign demand are the causes of the decline. Wheat has no friends and will not have any until something turns up to change the present situation. Rye 50c, oats 32c, potatoes 60c, eggs 13c, butter 13c. Wool is being sheared but has not come to market yet. The dealers are taking about 18c for the top for washed fleeces, but Boston market would seem to warrant 20c. It will move slow at anything less.

C. S. Gregory, senior member of the banking firm of Gregory & Son, of Dexter, died suddenly at 4 p. m. Sunday of apoplexy.

Wm. Bury, who resides about four miles southeast of Chelsea, lost a fine two-year-old colt Saturday last, it being killed by lightning.

E. J. Foster was in Jackson Wednesday and Geo. C. Lord, Thursday looking after business matters.—Grass Lake News. Mr. Foster is getting to be quite a traveler, isn't he?

A street fakir accompanied by a negro with a guitar, sold goods on the streets of this place Friday afternoon and evening. The old adage about "a fool and his money" is applicable to those who patronize these concerns.

Martin Brietenbach, of this place and Miss Jennie Straw, of Jackson, were married at Jackson, Tuesday, June 6th. Mr. and Mrs. Brietenbach will make their home in Chelsea, residing in the Seckenger house on South Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stevenson, of North Lake, were riding on the Manchester road Saturday last when their team became frightened and turning too short upset the carriage, bruising the occupants badly. They are fully recovered at this time.

Phillip P. Hochstadt, a brother of Chas. Hochstadt, of Ypsilanti, arrived in Detroit last Thursday night from Singapore, India, and met his sister, Mrs. Jacob Kuhn of 224 Farnsworth street for the first time in forty years. Hochstadt was lost by his family when he was a boy. He is now fifty-six years old.

Someone of enterprising turn of mind has discovered a use for the calico cat. If your morning nap is disturbed by twittering of the English sparrow just place one of these imitation felines on your window sill where the birds can get a good view of it, and they will at once desert the neighborhood.

Ira Powell of Francisco, has a calf eight months old which has begun to give milk and is milked daily. The mother of this calf when 13 months old and 18 months before she "came in" gave milk, yielding after awhile nine quarts to a milking. She has ever since been a continuous milker. She is half-Holstein and a part Durham, but her calf first mentioned is half Jersey.—Grass Lake News.

The Cunard liner Campania, six hundred and twenty feet long, is to be beaten by the proposed White Star monster, the Gigantic, eight hundred feet long, and calculated to steam at twenty-seven knots per hour. The Great Eastern, six hundred and ninety feet long, was a financial failure, but this is ascribed to the comparatively small horse power, six thousand, while the Campania has twenty-five thousand and the Gigantic will rank up to thirty thousand or more.

The following in regard to one of our most respected citizens is taken from the LeGrand (Iowa) Record of June 2d: "The course of lectures given to the college students and others by Dr. Holmes, of Chelsea, Mich., are of unusual interest. The Doctor is a thorough Bible scholar, with some seventy-five years of life's experience, and shows he has improved his opportunities well. Dr. Holmes will preach at the Christian church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 8 o'clock he will deliver the Baccalaureate sermon to the class."

England's royal wedding will take place the second week in July at half-past twelve o'clock and in the chapel of St. James palace. Directly after the ceremony is concluded the bride and bridegroom will leave the chapel and drive to Buckingham palace, closely followed by the queen; and then the royal family and foreign royalities will also drive there as quickly as they can be got away. There will be breakfast in the dining-room of the palace for the queen, the royal family and the royal guests; and a separate meal will be served in the gallery for the ministers, diplomatic corps, socially invited guests. There will be a sort of reception in the state apartments before the bride and bridegroom start on their honeymoon, which will probably be spent at Sandringham.

PERSONAL.

John Beissel spent Tuesday in Jackson.

H. S. Holmes spent Monday in Detroit.

Henry Herzer, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday in town.

L. E. Sparks was an Ann Arbor visitor Wednesday.

Miss B. S. Greening spent last week with Dexter friends.

Orman Clark spent Sunday with friends in Eaton Rapids.

O. D. Cummings, of Ypsilanti spent Friday in Chelsea.

Rev. O. C. Bailey has been spending this week in Chicago.

Jas. Ackerson and family spent Sunday with friends in Hudson.

J. Conlan and son, of Whitmore Lake spent Sunday with John Conlan.

Miss Carrie Bowen, of Detroit, spent Sunday with her parents at this place.

Lewis Vogel and sister, Miss Minnie, spent Sunday with Ann Arbor friends.

Mrs. M. Plimpton, of Pinckney, was the guest of Mrs. J. Staffan part of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes entertained Rev. L. P. Davis, of Detroit, Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman have been entertaining Miss Ella Brown, of West Superior.

Mrs. John Milburn, of Eaton Rapids, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. Clark last week.

Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Whitcomb spent part of this week with their daughter in Albion.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Rowen, of Lincoln Neb., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bowen.

Mrs. E. and Miss Mary Hawley, of Jackson, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Hawley, Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holmes entertained Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Copeland, of Dexter, Friday last.

Mrs. Wm. Mack, of Aberdeen, Wash., spent Sunday in this place, the guest of her uncle, John Conaty.

Miss Loa Paine, of St. Louis, Mo., is spending the summer at this place with her mother, Mrs. F. H. Paine.

Mrs. C. H. Kempf and daughter, Miss Myrta, went to Chicago this week where they intend spending several weeks.

Mrs. S. Owens, of Springville, N. Y., who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. P. Glazier, for several weeks, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Osborne, and son, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes for some time, returned to their home in Ewen.

Geo. F. Sumner, Mrs. S. E. Worden and Mrs. C. R. Barrett, of Seneca Falls, N. Y., were the guests of their sister, Mrs. B. Winans, she first of the week.

Miss Alice Gorman, who has been attending the Cooper Institute, at New York, returned home this week. She received a first grade certificate for portrait work from that institution.

CHURCH NEWS

A Christian is a fact, a factor and a factory.

Subject for the Epworth League prayer meeting for next Sunday is "Keep thyself pure."

"Our young lives for Christ" is the subject for the Y. P. S. C. E. prayer meeting next Sunday evening.

The Epworth League souvenir is nearly ready. It will be quite a gem. See it! Buy it? Or course you will.

Some one has said that twenty drops of rain often keep nineteen persons away from church. Are you one of them?

A. R. Welch was elected president of the Epworth League on Monday evening, to fill vacancy. Miss Mae L. was elected pianist.

How easy to be deceived—especially self-deceived. Why call one's self true and brave when one repeatedly breaks his promise and timidly avoids confession?

Columbia and her guards, with flags, flowers and bunting, sense and song, will appear at the Methodist church on Sunday evening. Sermon in the morning on "What shall this child be?" followed by reception service.

The Baptist Sunday School will not observe Children's Day Sunday as expected.

The subject for the B. Y. P. U. prayer meeting for next Sunday evening is "The Temperance Law of Christ."—1 Cor. 8:18.

Do you really believe in Christ and his church? Then show your faith by your works; join the church not only to get good but to do good. You can do this and be no Judas! Why not.

C. L. S. C.

The following is the program of the C. L. S. C. to be held at the home of Miss Cora Irwin next Monday evening:

Music.
Report of Secretary.
Roll Call—Miscellaneous quotations.
Lesson—All of the questions in June Chautauquan.

Reading—Callias—J. Sibley.
Music—Instrumental—Cora Irwin.
Reading—Callias—Mrs. Boyd.
Music—Instrumental—E. Congdon.
Reading—Callias—Mrs. H. Holmes.
Music.

The Gun Club.

The following is the score of the Chelsea Gun Club at their "shoot" Thursday, June 8:

Glover...	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	—7
Laird...	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	—6
Cook...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Staffan...	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3
Guerin...	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	—5
Turnbull...	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	—6
Summer...	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	—5
C. Hath'y...	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—5
Franklin...	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—5
J. Hath'y...	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	—4
Ludlow...	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	—6
Hunt...	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	—4

The ties that were made at the last meeting were settled and resulted as follows: J. Hathaway first prize, C. Hathaway second, S. Laird third, and G. Chapman fourth.

K. O. T. M. Anniversary Services.

Chelsea Tent, K. O. T. M. will hold exercises in the Town Hall Sunday afternoon, June 11th, at 2 o'clock, in honor of the twelfth anniversary of the founding of the order in Michigan. Every one is invited to be present. All members of Chelsea Tent and Columbian Hive are requested to meet at K. O. T. M. hall at 1:30 o'clock. The following is the order of exercises:

Music.
Reading of Scripture.
Music.
Sermon, Rev. O. C. Bailey.
Prayer.
Music.
Benediction.

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our many friends who assisted us during our sad affliction by their sympathy and also by their many acts of kindness.

Mrs. ETTA WRIGHT AND BROTHERS.

Report of school in district No. 7, Sylvan, for the month ending May 26. No. enrolled 30; attending every day. Carrie Goodrich, Edwin Laubenguyer, Chauncey Freeman, Anna Gutenkunst, Dave Laubenguyer; standing 90, Carrie Goodrich; 85, Oscar Laubenguyer, Oliver Cillam, Lois Killam; 80, Lydia Laubenguyer, Alvin Killam.

LUCY A. STEPHENS, Teacher.

Don't expect an advertisement, says Printer's Ink, to bear fruit in one night. You can't eat enough in a week to last you a year and you can't advertise on that plan either. People who advertise once in three months forget that most folks can't remember anything longer than seven days. If you can arouse curiosity you have gained a great point. The fair sex do not hold all the curiosity in the world. Quitting advertisement in dull times is like tearing out a dam when the water is low.

M. C. R. R. World's Fair Rate.

The Michigan Central Railroad Company offer a rate of 80 percent of the regular rate to Chicago and return tickets, limited to return not later than November 5th. This would make the round trip from Chelsea cost \$9.85. Children of proper age may be sold tickets at one-half the adult rate. Other information in regard to this matter can be obtained by calling on the ticket-agent.

Mrs. Harriet A. Marbel, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y. was for a year a martyr to head ache, and never found anything to give more than temporary relief until she began to take Ayer's Pills, since which she has been in the enjoyment of perfect health.

A SUDDEN DEATH.

Miss Alice Sergeant Dies Suddenly From Apoplexy Sunday Evening.

This community was shocked Sunday evening by the report that Miss Alice Sergeant had died suddenly from apoplexy at the home of her sister, Mrs. H. M. Woods. It seems that she had been suffering with a severe headache during the day, and her mother, who was with her, seeing no cause for apprehension, left the bedside for a few minutes, and upon returning found her unconscious. The doctors were called and pronounced her dead, death undoubtedly being instantaneous.

Alice was born at St. Johns, Mich., July 15, 1858. She was the third child of John and Eliza Sergeant. Her parents had resided in Chelsea before going to St. Johns, in fact it was to them and to their parents that a portion of the original farm land belonged out of which the village lots of Chelsea have been formed. She belonged therefore to one of the families who had been identified with the interests of this village from its earliest history.

In 1869 she experienced religion and entered into covenant relation with M. E. church of this place. But for a number of years she has been identified with the Congregational church, having rendered most efficient service in the choir and in other ways. It is appropriate here to state that on the morning of the day she passed away from us, she was in her accustomed place in the choir. Though not well then she made a special effort to be present as some other members of the choir were out of town. Several at the close of the service remarked "How sweetly Alice sang her part in the anthem." The words she sang were:

I would not live away. I ask not to stay Where storm after storm rolls dark o'er the way I would not live away, no, welcome the tomb Since Jesus has lain there, I dread not the gloom

If any sadness to loved ones who remain, accrues from the suddenness with which she was called away leaving no time for farewells, no last words long to be remembered, yet it is a positive benediction, that her last day on earth should be a holy Sabbath, and a portion of it spent in the House of God, singing to many who could not have gathered at her bedside, yet who loved her, and that the richness of her voice should strike the chords of sweetest Christian thought.

In 1885 she entered the Farrand training school for nurses at Harper hospital, Detroit and in 1887 she accepted the responsible position of head nurse at the Detroit Sanitarium which position she held for two years, then for a time occupying a similar position in a private sanitarium.

The funeral was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Woods, Tuesday afternoon. Rev. O. C. Bailey conducting the services.

M. C. R. R. Excursions.

The M. C. R. R. will sell excursion tickets to the Bay View campmeeting at the rate of one first-class fare for round trip. Dates of sale, July 10th to 19th, inclusive, limit to return, August 17th.

A rate of one and one-third fare for round trip has been granted for annual reunion of B. P. O. Elks, at Detroit, June 19-23. Sale of tickets June 18 and 19; good to return not later than June 24th.

A rate of 70 cents from Chelsea to Jackson and return has been granted for July 4th to attend Forepaugh's circus.

Excursion fares have been granted on the certificate plan on the following occasions:

Jackson, June 13-15, annual meeting German societies.
Jackson, June 23, First Michigan Infantry Reunion.
Grand Haven, Aug 16-23, Seventh Day church of God campmeeting.

Lost, a fountain pen. The finder will please leave same at this office.

Anyone wishing to buy good hay should call on Mrs. Geo. Boyd.

"Is this hot enough for you?" is a silly question; but if you meet a man who complains of suffering from the heat, ten to one you will find on inquiry, that he does not use Ayer's Sarsaparilla to tone up his system and free his blood from irritating humors.

Ripans Tabules: a family remedy.

R. KEMPF & BRO., BANKERS, CHelsea, MICHIGAN.

Financially the Strongest Bank in Washtenaw County.

SAVINGS DEPT. Sums of \$1 and upwards will be received at all times.

--:--: Saturdays, from 3 to 4 p. m., --:--:

To accommodate the Young People, deposits of any amount from 10 cents upward will be received in this department.

To provide for the future deposit your spare dimes in the Savings Dept. of R. Kempf & Bros.' Bank,

Who offer you security second to no bank in Michigan.

The accumulations without legal reserve, of a lifetime of business success, a business record of 41 years in Chelsea, which has been successful and without blemish, which is of greater value as security than bank vaults, safes, and other mechanical devices, all which we have.

J. A. PALMER, Cashier.

WHAT

Zinc? What is Lead?

Zinc is a very hard metal.
Lead is a soft metal.

The oxide of zinc makes a paint that is too hard for outside work.

The carbonate of lead makes a paint that is too soft and that will chalk and rub off.

We combine the two metals and strike a happy medium which we call Peninsular Ready-mixed Paint.

It will not chalk or rub off, will not crack or peel off.

It is the paint that wears the best. Guaranteed in gold strictly pure lead, zinc and linseed oil. Mnf'd by Peninsular White Lead and Color Works, Detroit.

For Sale by

C. E. WHITAKER.

I also sell pure white lead to those who prefer it at 7c per lb.

Don't fail to see us if you are in need of anything in the line of Binders, Mowers, Horse Rakes, Hay Loaders, Hay Tedders, Cultivators, Harrows Sewing Machines, or in fact anything in the line of farm or household machinery, hardware tinware, refrigerators gasoline stoves, etc., etc., etc., at prices that cannot be beaten.

Most people don't know
What they don't know
And no doubt don't know
But we want them to know
And by reading this they will know
THAT
R. A. SNYDER

is selling the best Ladies Shoe at \$1.50
ever shown in Chelsea.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 31st day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three. Present, J. Willard Barrett, Judge of Probate. In the matter of estate of Charissa I. Berry, deceased. Libbie A. Stone, the administrator of said estate, comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such administrator. Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 25th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, to be held at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county and show cause if any there be why the said account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered that said administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in the said county two successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. J. WILLARD BARRETT, Judge of Probate. [At Test.] W. G. DORV, Probate Register.

WORK FOR US

A few days, and you will be started at the unexpected success that will reward your efforts. We positively have the best business to offer an agent that can be found on the face of this earth. \$45.00 profit on \$75.00 worth of business is being easily and honorably made by and paid to hundreds of men, women, boys, and girls in our employ. You can make money faster at work for us than you have any idea of. The business is so easy to learn, and instructions so simple and plain, that all succeed from the start. Those who take hold of the business reap the advantage that accrues from the sound reputation of one of the oldest, most successful, and largest publishing houses in America. Secure for yourself the profits that the business so readily and handsomely yields. All beginners succeed grandly, and more than realize their greatest expectations. Those who try it find exactly as we tell them. There is plenty of room for a few more workers, and we urge them to begin at once. If you are already employed, but have a few spare moments, and wish to use them to advantage, then write us at once (this is your grand opportunity) and receive full particulars by return mail. Address, TRUE & CO., Box No. 400, Augusta, Me.

Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules banish pain.
Ripans Tabules have come to stay.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

For Sale—A village lot, location desirable, about three minutes' walk from postoffice. Will be sold cheap. Call at this office.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time Card, taking effect, May 28, 1893.

TRAINS EAST:

No. 12—Detroit Night Ex. 5:12 a. m.
No. 22—Jackson Accon. 7:24 a. m.
No. 14—Grand Rapids Ex. 10:22 a. m.
No. 16—Mail 3:52 p. m.
No. 2—Day Express 5:02 p. m.

TRAINS WEST:

No. 11—Mail 10:23 a. m.
No. 15—Grand Rapids Ex. 6:39 p. m.
No. 7—Night Express 9:42 p. m.
No. 12 daily. All other trains except Sundays.

No. 2 stops only to let off passengers. O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt. W. M. MARTIN, Agent.

DR. C. E. PARKER,
Veterinary Surgeon, Graduate Ontario Veterinary College. Diseases of all domestic animals treated on the most scientific principles. Orders received by telegraph or telephone, promptly attended to day or night. Consultation and examination at office free. Residence and office on Ann Arbor street second door from opera house, Dexter, Mich.

Geo. H. Foster,
AUCTIONEER
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Terms Reasonable.
Headquarters at Standard Office.

Lima.
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chris Klein, May 30th, twin girls.
Mrs. S. S. Covert has gone to Mt. Pleasant to visit her son.
Children's Day will be observed here some Sunday this month.
There is a picnic and dance in Geo. Lindaur's woods this afternoon and evening.
Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Stanton, of Webster, spent Sunday with Frank Fisk and family.

Waterloo
John Bayer has bought a team and harness of J. Goodwin.

Mrs. Fred Croman visited Miss Mabel Palmer in Ann Arbor last week.

S. A. Collins and wife returned from the World's Fair the first of the week. They report a good time and plenty to see.

Memorial services here Sunday were quite well attended. Rev. Swank preached the sermon. The Stockbridge Post was present.

Orville Gorton and Frank McGuffe are constructing the Bayer bridge. Thos. Collins and Jesse Foster have taken the ditching.

Rev. F. E. Morehouse had \$15 stolen from his residence recently. Waterloo people need not go to Chicago to be robbed. They can be accommodated right at home.

Unadilla.
Gregory boasts of a hotel now.
Allison Barker visited friends about here last week.

Ann Arbor people rusticated here last week, enjoying the fishing sport.

Fred Marshall and John Watson took a trip to Ypsilanti on their wheels recently. What's the attraction down there, boys?

There will be an ice cream social in Young Men's Hall Friday evening June 9th, given by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church.

Y. P. S. C. E. election of last week resulted as follows: Pres., John Watson; Vice Pres., Mima Pyper; Sec., Gertrude Mills; Treas., Kittie Livermore.

Bro. Case and wife, of Stony Creek, have been shaking hands with old acquaintances about here. Bro. Case filled the pulpit Sunday evening and on Monday evening gave an address to the Christian Endeavor.

What It Was.



Abner Jtmson—Ah, Betsy Ann, I feel the burning of a hidden fire for you. Believe me, I—
Betsy Ann—Yes, Abner, I believe you. I can smell it burning. I believe it's your—



—COATTALES!
—Harper's Bazar.

Organs Lost by Disuse.

It is a suggestive fact not always sufficiently considered that "as soon as any organ or faculty falls into disuse it degenerates and is finally lost altogether." Through all the ages that man has had the power of speech this power has not been fixed in us in any degree whatever by heredity. It is regarded as definitely proved that if a child of civilized parents were brought up in a desert place and allowed no communication whatever with man it would never make any attempt at speech.

Up to the last century it was not uncommon to find persons living in a wild state in the woods and forests of England, France, Germany and Russia, who were utterly incapable of speech, though they could make sounds in imitation of the cries of wild animals. Certain parasitic insects have so completely degenerated that they possess neither eyes, legs, heads, mouths, stomachs nor intestines.—Leisure Hour.

Breaking It Easy.
Pipkin—What time is it getting to be? The hands on my watch are gone.
Potts—Let's see it.
Pipkin—Well, the fact is the watch is along with the hands.—Truth.

Pearl Colored Glass Beads.
Venice owes the accumulation of great wealth from a new industry to one of her natives named Joquin. It was in the year 1656 that he observed that the scales of a fish called the bleakfish possessed the property of giving a milky hue to water. After experimenting with it, he discovered that when beads were dipped into it and then dried they assumed the appearance of pearls. This covering, however, was easily worn away, and successive experiments led to the manufacture of hollow glass beads, all blown separately, then polished in revolving cylinders and finally coated inside with the pearly liquid, the latter being protected with wax. This branch of industry is carried on in Venice to this day.—Boston Herald.

Diamonds For Every Man.
"Do you know that when your shoes glisten with a polish they are really covered with diamonds?" asked a shoemaker the other day of one of his patrons. "This is true," he continued, "and I will show you why. Bonedust, which is the principal ingredient of shoeblackening, is almost pure carbon. The diamond, you know, is the purest form of carbon. When this paste has been smeared over your shoes, the friction of the polishing brush crystallizes the blacking and converts it into millions of infinitesimally small diamonds, and every man with a shine on his shoes may revel in the knowledge that he wears a cluster of diamonds on his feet."—Philadelphia Record.

The Death of a Hotel Keeper.
Colonel Taft, the Boston boniface, died, as probably he would have chosen to die, of indigestion. He was the most famous of New England landlords, and many a fine pair of legs has grown tremulous under the deal tables at Point Shirley.—San Francisco Argonaut.

As the name indicates, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is a renewer of the hair, including its growth health, youthful color and beauty. It will please you.

The Trouble Over.
A prominent man in town exclaimed the other day: "My wife has been wearing out her life from the effects of dyspepsia, liver complaint and indigestion. Her case baffled the skill of our best physicians. After using three packages of Bacon's Celery King for the nerves, she is almost entirely well." Keep your blood in a healthy condition by the use of this great vegetable compound. Call on F. P. Glazier & Co., sole agents, and get a trial package free. Large size 50c.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Is superior to all other preparations claiming to be blood-purifiers. First of all, because the principal ingredient used in it is the extract of genuine Honduras sarsaparilla root, the variety richest in medicinal properties. Also, because the yellow dock, being raised expressly for the Company, is always fresh and of the very best kind. With equal discrimination and care, each of the other ingredients are selected and compounded. It is

THE Superior Medicine

because it is always the same in appearance, flavor, and effect, and, being highly concentrated, only small doses are needed. It is, therefore, the most economical blood-purifier in existence. It makes food nourishing, work pleasant, sleep refreshing, and life enjoyable. It searches out all impurities in the system and expels them harmlessly by the natural channels. AYER'S Sarsaparilla gives elasticity to the step, and imparts to the aged and infirm, renewed health, strength, and vitality.

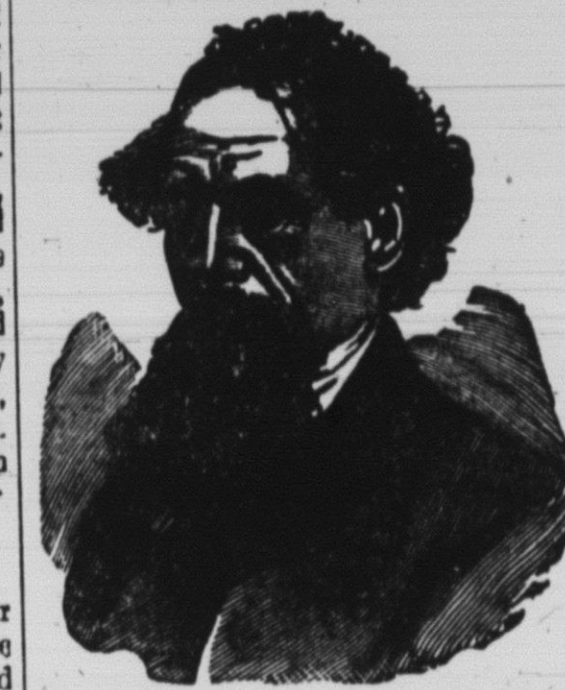
AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Cures others, will cure you

A COMPLETE SET OF THE WORKS OF

CHARLES DICKENS FREE!

The Most Valuable and Remarkable Premium Ever Offered Free with any Periodical.
A MARVEL IN BOOK-MAKING.
A Set of the Works of Charles Dickens, IN 12 LARGE VOLUMES, FREE.



There has just been published A Set of the Works of Charles Dickens, in Large and Handsome Volumes, printed from entirely new plates, with new type. By special arrangement with the publishers we are enabled to offer to our patrons this splendid set of Dickens' Works, postpaid, free. Charles Dickens was the greatest novelist who ever lived. No author before or since his time has won the fame that he achieved, and his works are even more popular to-day than during his lifetime. They abound in wit, humor, pathos, masterly delineation of character, vivid descriptions of places and incidents, thrilling and skillfully wrought plots. Each book is intensely interesting. No home should be without a set of these great and remarkable works. Not to have read them is to be far behind the age in which we live. The twelve volumes of this set contain the following world famous works, each one of which is published complete, unchanged and absolutely unabridged:

DAVID COPPERFIELD.
MARTIN CHuzzleWIT.
NICHOLAS NICKLEBY.
BONNIE AND BOB.
BLEAK HOUSE.
LITTLE DOBBY.
OUR MUTUAL FRIEND.
PICKWICK PAPERS.
BARNABY RUDGE AND CHRISTIAN STORIES.
OLIVER TWIST AND GREAT EXPECTATIONS.
THE OLD CURIOUS SHOP AND THE UNCOMMERCIAL TRAVELER.
A TALE OF TWO CITIES, HARD TIMES, AND THE MYSTERY OF EDWIN DROOD.

THE PLAN.

We will send a complete set of these books FREE by mail, postage paid, guaranteeing safe delivery, as follows: To any old subscriber, who sends one dollar, and renews their subscription to either of the following publications for one year.

THE PEOPLE'S LITERARY COMPANION,

OR—

The National Farmer and Home Magazine

To any new subscriber, who sends one dollar for either of the above periodicals for one year. This is the grandest offer ever made, and the greatest bargain ever offered. Up to this time the price of a complete set of Dickens' Works has been ten dollars or more. The use of modern, improved printing, folding and stitching machinery, the present extremely low price of white paper, and the great competition in the book trade are the factors which made this wonderful offer possible. Bear in mind that we offer, not a single volume, but the entire set of twelve volumes all free to subscribers. All may now afford the luxury of owning a handsome set of Dickens' works. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Do not neglect or put off this wonderful opportunity. Send at once, you will be delighted with the charming books, and as long as you live, never cease to regard it as the best investment of a dollar you ever made. Address all communications to

E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.

IF YOU CAN READ

and write and are possessed of fair intelligence, you are fully qualified to make a grand success of what we offer you. We have lately published at great expense and labor a perfect wonder in the way of an illustrated Gift Book, suitable to all classes, an ornament to any home, and at a price that brings it within the reach of all, even those of moderate means. Heretofore only those who indulged in luxuries have felt that they could afford a book of this class, as they are sold in book stores at \$5.00 and upwards. The book which we offer is not in any way inferior to those above referred to, but is far superior to hundreds of books of this nature that are sold at prices exceeding ours by an enormous per cent. It is selling with a rush wherever shown. Agents have only to show the book and mention the price, and it sells on its merits without further talking. No better Christmas, New Year's or Birthday present can be selected. It will sell, not only for holiday trade, but at all seasons of the year, for the reason that all will want it in their homes, and will have it as soon as they know the low price at which our agents can furnish them. Reader, if you need profitable employment, and a business in which you can and will take pride, as well as make money rapidly, do not fail to send for circulars containing private terms to agents, and fill in formation, which will be sent FREE upon application. Old and new agents alike are making handsome salaries—yes, fortunes. Many of those who are making the best records are new at the agency business, having had no previous experience. **22—Make a start—the field is entirely new. No such terms have been offered agents as we now offer on this wonderful book. Special qualifications not necessary, for it sells everywhere at sight. Perhaps you have at some time been unsuccessful at the agency business. If so, there is every reason why you should try this, the PRINCE of gift books, as failure is impossible if you make a START.** Write us today, study our circulars and directions, then order an outfit and go to work with push and energy. You may make the greatest mistake of your life, if you allow this GOLDEN opportunity to pass unimproved. Write at once to E. C. Allen & Co., Box 202, Augusta, Maine.

HUNDREDS OF LIVES SAVED

OF

TRADE MARK

BY USING SILURIAN SPRING WATER

NATURE'S GREATEST CURE

52 PAGE BOOK, MAILED FREE

Relieved and cured by its use. It is a mild alternative, purifies the blood, renews strength and energy. Endorsed and recommended by the physicians of America.

SILURIAN MINERAL SPRING CO., WAUKESHA, WISCONSIN.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA,

MICHIGAN.

RUINOUS BANKING.

PLANKINTON AT MILWAUKEE FALLS AT LAST.

Illinois Democratic Lawmakers in a Tangle—Prohibitionists in Iowa Name a Full Ticket—McFarlane Sentenced to Prison—Now Cuba Wants to Annex.

Bank Doors Closed.

The Plankinton Bank, of Milwaukee, which was involved in the T. F. Lappen failure, closed its doors Thursday morning. The following notice was posted on the doors:

Owing to the failure of all efforts to reorganize the bank, and the continued withdrawal of deposits, we have thought best for the interests of all depositors and the stockholders to close the bank.

THE PLANKINTON BANK.

The failure, according to a dispatch, causes no surprise in business circles. It was a foregone conclusion. The moment the fact was made public that it was involved to the extent of \$274,000 in the Lappen case, just that moment it was certain the bank must cease to do business, or face the alternative of reorganizing and with new officers try to live down its bad reputation. Financial circles generally believed liquidation was the only resort that might reasonably be expected. They pointed out that the reputation of a bank is as sensitive as that of a woman, and that it would at best be a long and hopeless task to regain public confidence, if it were possible at all. The stockholders went to work sincerely to make the best of the matter, and it will be the universal judgment that they have done so in closing the doors of the institution. The failure will not have a straw's weight in helping one to judge of the financial condition of the country. It was not caused by a tight money market or by a run or by any other causes which may legitimately affect the banking business. The failure was owing solely to bad banking. The opinion that depositors will be paid in full by the bank is based on the honorable character of the men who are stockholders in the institution.

Iowa Prohibitionists.

The Iowa Prohibitory State Convention at Des Moines made the following nominations: Governor, Captain K. W. Brown, of Ames; Lieutenant Governor, J. C. Reed, Delta; Supreme Judge, J. A. Harvey, Polk County; Railroad Commissioner, E. H. Gillet, a student of Drake University; School Superintendent, Belle H. Mix, of Danville. Resolutions were reported by the Platform Committee favoring the enforcement of the prohibitory law throughout the State; the restoration of the former rigid restrictions by the pharmacy law; 2 cents per mile railroad passenger fare; civil service reform; postal banks; postal telegraph; 1 cent postage, repeal of the Sherman silver law, and the change in the ratio of coinage by putting a dollar's worth of silver in a dollar, after which coinage to be free and unrestricted, woman's suffrage, restriction of immigration, opposition to hasty and indiscriminate naturalization, repeal of the Geary law, and abrogation of the Russian treaty.

Apportionment Bill Defeated.

The Illinois Senatorial apportionment bill is not worth the paper on which it is written. The town of Riverside, in Speaker Crafts' district, is omitted from the provisions of the bill. The measure is unconstitutional, and a bill for its repeal and for a new apportionment has been introduced. The bill will in no wise change the districts except to include the territory which has been overlooked. This upsets all plans as to the final adjournment. The resolution for adjournment June 16 would have been adopted without a question; nobody knows now when the session will come to an end.

NEWS NUGGETS.

AN enterprising Dundas, Minn., man, it is claimed, is buying young calves and selling them to Chicago restaurants as "pressed chicken."

THE Rock Island has a new official in the person of Rainmaker C. B. Jewell, who has been engaged to break droughts along the line of the road.

A. T. REISE, traveling man for a Chicago tobacco house, has been missing for nearly a month. He disappeared from Grand Rapids, and foul play is feared.

A FIRE in a lumber district of Milwaukee did damage estimated at from \$60,000 to \$100,000, divided between C. A. Beck, the Milwaukee Lumber Company, and the Spurney Fuel Company.

A MOVEMENT is on foot among Cuban revolutionists to induce the United States to buy the island. They claim that one-half the cost would be furnished by the landowners and business men of Cuba.

JOHN J. McFARLANE, who had been a fugitive in Brazil, surrendered himself to the authorities at Philadelphia and was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary. He was the defaulting President of the ruined American Life Insurance Company and a wrecker of the Bank of America, with which he was also connected.

HAVING decided by a vote of 383 to 116 that it had a heretic on its hands in the person of Dr. Briggs, the first thing for the Presbyterian General Assembly morning was to consider what should be done with him. Accordingly a committee was appointed to bring a verdict, and, after a long session, it brought in this recommendation: "Suspension from the ministry." The Assembly promptly adopted the report.

EASTERN.

THE Rhode Island Legislature is again a tie, the Democrats having elected a senator and a representative at Thursday's by-elections.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN failed to appear in the Biddford court when the assault case against him was called. His counsel entered a plea of guilty and the ex-champion was fined \$100 and costs.

THE rejection by the Roosevelt Hospital Trustees at New York of Mrs. Abram A. Anderson's gift to charity of over \$350,000 to be applied through the hospital has occasioned great surprise. The gift was made last December, when Mrs. Anderson's offer to erect and maintain a department for the hospital to be known as the Millbank Memorial, in honor of her father, the celebrated Dr. Millbank, was accepted by the Roosevelt trustees with enthusiasm. By advice of the trustees Mrs. Anderson decided to devote \$150,000 to a permanent endowment for the pavilion and to expend \$200,000 in the erection of the building. It was recently found that \$200,000 would not complete the work as planned, and Mrs. Anderson offered to retain the endowment intact by adding to the gift all the money necessary to complete the work and \$50,000 a year in addition to the incoming endowment to defray its expenses. But it is now said that every proposition has been rejected by the Roosevelt trustees. The cause of the rejection of the gift is apparently unknown outside of the Board of Trustees.

WESTERN.

BAPTIST preachers, attending the Baptist anniversary in Denver, Colo., occupied 127 pulpits in that city Sunday.

ISAAC MANN, a farmer of Bryan, Ohio, was the victim of confidence men in the sum of \$2,000, at Lima, Ohio. One of the men was afterward arrested and the entire sum recovered.

A PASSENGER train on the Louisville, New Albany, and Chicago was wrecked near Broad Ripple, Ind., and Engineer George E. Plant was killed, and Fireman Williams was injured, it is thought, fatally.

WITHIN the past nine months five deaths have occurred in the family of Charles Koesters, a well-known German citizen of Indianapolis, and Anna Wagner, a servant girl, has been arrested and charged with their murder.

THE Mayor of San Francisco was aroused from bed on Sunday morning, and with a force of 400 police an attempt to capture Market, Folsom, and adjacent streets for a trolley system of electric railways was held in abeyance.

CHARLES S. ROGERS, who was reported to have committed suicide by jumping from the high bridge at St. Paul, Minn., carried a large line of life insurance, and there may be difficulty in securing a settlement without better proofs of death than can now be furnished.

THE Exposition directors were temporarily enjoined from closing the Fair Sunday by Judge Stein, of Chicago, in a decree entered Monday morning at the suit of Charles W. Clinegan against the World's Columbian Exposition to enjoin them from Sunday closing.

THE Bank of Beresford, Beresford, S. D., a private concern, at the head of which is A. A. Ames, has failed. It is believed the depositors will be heavy losers. The cause of the failure was heavy losses on running horses sustained by Ames, who was a track follower and the owner of a large string.

THE firm of Weaver, Getz & Co., one of the largest and most important in the coal business in Chicago, has turned all of its assets, including its mines and coal yards, over to D. V. Purington, of the Purington-Kimball Brick Company, for the benefit of its creditors. The assets and liabilities are not yet known, but Mr. Weaver says that the former are much in excess of the latter that every one will be paid in full, and that the firm expects to resume business in a short time. The reason given for the assignment is the tightness of the money market, and in consequence difficulty in making collections.

A CLOUDLESS sky and pleasant air made Sunday an ideal day, and from early morning until after noon every transportation line in Chicago leading to the Fair was crowded with sight-seers. The number in attendance on this, the first open Sunday in its existence, was 116,374. All the main buildings were open, and many of the State buildings. The officials of the fair are well pleased with the result. During the whole day not a visitor caused the least disturbance. The electric illumination at night was the most stupendous display of the kind ever attempted.

IN the judgment of many of the World's Fair officials who visited Jackson Park Sunday there is a wide discrepancy between the returns given out by the Department of Admissions and the number of people actually within the grounds. The crowd which thronged the park Sunday, in their opinion, was obviously much larger than that of the day before, yet Superintendent Tucker's figures show an increase of but 2,000 in round numbers. The idea that there was a leak somewhere has impressed itself so strongly on the minds of Exposition officials that an investigation has been ordered.

HOMEOPATHIC physicians and surgeons from nearly all parts of the civilized world met in convention of the American Institute of Homeopathy at its forty-sixth session (forty-ninth anniversary in the Art Institute on the Lake Front, Chicago, Monday morning. Dr. J. H. McClelland, of Pittsburg, Pa., presided and called the meeting to order, and Dr. Pemberton Dudley officiated as secretary. There was a large attendance, over 400 physicians being present, many of them accompanied by their wives. The meeting

was of a business character and reports of various committees were received, but there were no addresses, except the words of welcome spoken by President McClelland. The annual resources of the institute were shown to be \$9,000—from a membership of 1,500.

EXERCISES in remembrance of those who fought and those who gave their lives for their country were held in all the public schools of Chicago Monday afternoon. The assembly rooms in which the ceremonies took place were appropriately decorated with national colors, and made more attractive by a liberal use of cut flowers. In many of the schools the scholars listened to an address made by some person selected by the Cook County Memorial Association. In most instances the speaker was a veteran of the war. The large rooms were filled with the pupils of the schools. The parents of many were also present. The programs were such as inspired a feeling of patriotism, the exercises being opened with the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by all present. Gen. John C. Black, at one building, Congressman-at-large, in an eloquent speech, related some of his experiences in the late war. He called the attention of the boys to the fact that he was no older than some of them when he enlisted as a soldier and started to the front in a blue uniform with a musket on his shoulder. Gen. Black was followed by T. H. Gault, who passed through the hardships and dangers of the war of the rebellion. He spoke with much feeling. Several recitations were also given by pupils and all joined in singing national songs.

SOUTHERN.

THE Baltimore sugar refinery was burned, causing a loss of \$1,000,000.

THE Florida House of Representatives has passed a resolution asking the United States Senate to begin impeachment proceedings against District Judge Charles S. Wayne.

TWO MASKED robbers held up a Santa Fe train at Coleman, Texas, compelled the express messenger to open his car and took everything in sight. On leaving, they said: "Good-by; will meet you at the World's Fair."

THE train bearing the remains of Jefferson Davis, en route to be reinterred at Richmond, arrived at Montgomery, Ala., Monday and the body was conveyed to the Alabama Capitol building, where Mr. Davis years ago took the oath as President of the Confederacy. The scene Monday was a memorable one. Promptly at 3:30 the first minute gun boomed out and the procession started. Every window, balcony, and sidewalk along the route to the Capitol was thronged. In the brief time before the departure of the train fully 10,000 people visited the Capitol. The bells of all the churches tolled as the procession moved from the depot to the Capitol and again on the return. Gov. Jones and staff accompanied the Davis funeral cortege from Montgomery to the Alabama State line. At West Point, Gov. Northen of Georgia and his staff boarded the train, and thence a high speed was kept up, until reaching Atlanta.

WASHINGTON.

THE greatest ecclesiastical trial of modern times, as it is termed, was begun Monday in the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, at Washington, when Dr. Briggs, the Union Seminary professor, faced his accusers and his 500 judges. The General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America sat as a high court. The issue is one which a large portion of the church regard as one of the gravest that has ever arisen in the church. To their minds the most serious consequences will ensue if the church does not through its highest authority, pronounce anathema against Dr. Briggs. In his defense Dr. Briggs said, in part, that he had been accused of teaching that many of the Old Testament predictions have been reversed by history, and that the great body of the Messianic prediction had not been, and would not be fulfilled, which was contrary to the essence of the Holy Scripture and to the standards of the church, that God is true, omniscient, and unchangeable. This he had repudiated. What he said was this: "Kuenan had shown that if we insist upon the fulfillment of the details of the prophecy of the Old Testament, many of the predictions had been reversed by history, and the great body of the Messianic prediction has not only never been fulfilled, but cannot now be fulfilled for the reason that its own time has passed forever." All depended on the word "if," which the committee had omitted. He had disclaimed this charge before and disclaimed it now. He also disclaimed that he was guilty of teaching, as charged in charge 7, that the process of redemption extended to the world to come in the case of many who died in sin, stating that he had repudiated the Roman Catholic doctrine of purgatory, also the doctrine of future probation and regeneration after death or any beginning of Christian life after death.

FOREIGN.

PAULUS MEYER, a converted Jew and ex-Russian Talmudist, who asserted that he was an eye-witness to a terrible massacre of Jews in Russia, has been arrested at the request of the German Supreme Tribunal at Leipzig, with a view to his extradition to Germany on a charge as yet not made known.

ORANGE newspapers report that the police ordered the removal of Union Jacks from the hotels in Belfast, and they accuse Chief Secretary Morley and the police of exercising their powers of removal as the likeliest course to incite a riot and thus give the Government an opportunity to point out the disorder on the part of the Unionists.

THE Glasgow importers of Canadian cattle have sent word by cable to the exporters to stop shipping, as the de-

lays, owing to the requirement by the Board of Agriculture that the cattle shall be slaughtered upon arrival, are ruinous to the trade. Three vessels loaded with cattle are waiting for the disposal of their cargoes, and others are coming, and prices have fallen \$3 on each animal. In view of the fact that no evidence of disease in cattle has been developed, the shippers have again requested the Board of Agriculture to raise the existing embargo, but the board refused to grant the request.

DURING a fearful cyclone which has been raging in the Bay of Bengal the ship Germania was lost and seventy-four men who were on the vessel lost their lives. The British bark Rydalmere, Captain Bernard, which recently sailed from Calcutta, was swept high and dry on shore near Diamond Harbor, on the River Hooghly, thirty-four miles below Calcutta. The British ship Glengarry, Captain Lindsay, was abandoned at sea, but the crew were saved. The British steamer Germania sailed from Batoum April 22 for Calcutta, and passed Perim, in the Gulf of Bombay, May 5. It is probably the vessel meant in the above dispatch. A hull smack was sunk in a collision off Grimsby on Sunday with the steamer Hibernian. Four persons were drowned.

IN GENERAL.

FOLLOWING is the standing of the clubs of the National League:

	W. L.	W. L.
Pittsburg	18	9
Brooklyn	17	10
Boston	17	12
Cleveland	12	9
Philadelphia	13	12
Baltimore	14	13
St. Louis	13	14
Cincinnati	14	16
Washington	13	15
New York	13	16
Chicago	10	16
Louisville	13	15

It is officially announced that the Mexican government has suspended for two years the application of the new law placing a stamp tax on the production of alcoholic beverages. A decree has been issued by the Treasury Department fixing the amount of taxes to be raised for the next fiscal year by the domestic distillers at \$500,000. The Secretary of the Treasury will fix the quota to be paid by each distiller after having first consulted with the Confederation of the Producers of Alcohol, which has been organized in Mexico and has representatives throughout that republic. The tax will be a direct one and paid as such 11-monthly. Importers of alcoholic beverages will, after July 1, instead of the stamp tax, pay 15 cent additional to the regular import duties on the goods imported.

MILITARY in all its aspects, peaceful in its teachings, fearful in its reminders, patriotic in its effects, magnificent in its entirety, the Memorial Day parade marched in nearly every Northern State Tuesday afternoon, and received the cheers of those who formed living banks on either side to watch the marchers as they passed. It was military because the memories of the day have to do with war and its effects; it was peaceful because of the mingling of forces heretofore hostile; it was fearful because of the ranks of national heroes passing away, reminding those living of their ultimate camping ground; it was patriotic because patriotism always accompanies the meeting of old veterans; it was magnificent because of its completeness and because of the inbred delight the American citizen has for the pomp and circumstance of war.

R. G. DUN & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

In two ways there has been quite general improvement during the last week. Better weather throughout most of the country has stimulated retail trade, and the large distribution of goods has made jobbing trade more active. Monetary anxieties have curiously abated at many widely separated points, large loans solicited at New York a week or two ago to provide for extreme emergencies in different cities have not been wanted, and threatening failures at several points have passed without causing much disturbance. Yet the actual conditions do not seem to have changed materially. There is no definite movement in financial affairs abroad, and the prospect of continued outgo of gold for some time to come has not altered. Speculative markets show comparative activity. Stocks have fallen off to some extent from the rapid recovery of last week, the average being about \$1 per share lower than a week ago.

MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	\$3.25	@ 6.25
HOGS—Shipping Grades	3.00	@ 7.50
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	4.00	@ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.68	@ .69
CORN—No. 2	.39	@ .40
OATS—No. 2	.22	@ .23
RYE—No. 2	.53	@ .55
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	18 1/2	@ 19 1/2
EGGS—Fresh	12 1/2	@ 13 1/2
POTATOES—New, per bu.	.85	@ .95
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping	3.25	@ 5.50
HOGS—Choice Light	3.50	@ 7.25
SHEEP—Common to Prime	3.00	@ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2	.65	@ .66
CORN—No. 2 White	.42	@ .43
OATS—No. 2 White	.36	@ .37
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 5.25
HOGS	3.00	@ 7.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.66	@ .67
CORN—No. 2	.36	@ .37
OATS—No. 2	.32	@ .33 1/2
RYE—No. 2	.55	@ .57
CIN. INNA.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 5.25
HOGS	3.00	@ 7.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.66	@ .67
CORN—No. 2	.36	@ .37
OATS—No. 2	.32	@ .33 1/2
RYE—No. 2	.55	@ .57
DETROIT.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 5.00
HOGS	3.00	@ 7.00
SHEEP	3.00	@ 4.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.71	@ .72
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.43	@ .44
OATS—No. 2 White	.37 1/2	@ .38 1/2
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2	.69	@ .70
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.42	@ .42 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White	.31 1/2	@ .32 1/2
RYE	.57	@ .59
BUFFALO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	3.50	@ 5.50
HOGS—Best Grades	4.00	@ 7.50
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.75	@ .76
No. 2 Red	.74	@ .75
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.68 1/2	@ .69 1/2
CORN—No. 3	.40	@ .42
OATS—No. 2 White	.35	@ .36
RYE—No. 1	.58	@ .60
HARLEY—No. 2	.36	@ .37
POKE—Mess	.20 1/2	@ .21 1/2
NEW YORK.		
CATTLE	3.50	@ 6.00
HOGS	3.00	@ 8.00
SHEEP	3.00	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.76	@ .77
CORN—No. 2	.36	@ .37
OATS—Mixed Western	.39	@ .40
BUTTER—Creamery	.17	@ .20
POKE—New Mess.	22.25	@ 22.75

THERE LET HIM REST.

REMAINS OF CONFEDERACY CHIEF LAID AWAY.

Presbyterian General Assembly Convicted Dr. Briggs—California Knows a Good Thing When She Sees It—Americans in Honolulu May Talk.

At Last in His Tomb.

RICHMOND, Va., dispatch of Wednesday: The remains of Jefferson Davis were to-day laid away in the cemetery in this city. The leader of the Confederacy, the hero of the South, is now finally at rest, his remains covered by the soil of Virginia, the mother of Presidents. The head of the grave was lined with a national Confederate flag, the foot with the Confederate battle flag, and the sides with the Federal bars. Around the mound are heaped flowers from all over the South, and in Richmond, the theater of the most notable events in Mr. Davis' life, nearly every house is draped with mourning. The whole South, but Richmond in particular, paid its last honors to the loved dead, and though the cause he espoused was lost, those honors were as many and sincere as could have been bestowed upon the departed king of a triumphant people.

California's Mid-Winter Fair.

CALIFORNIA will probably hold a Commercial World's Fair. The exposition will be given in Golden Gate Park in San Francisco, and opening on Dec. 25 of this year will be continued during a period of twenty-five weeks following. In the twenty-five vacant acres in Golden Gate Park four great buildings will be erected, and to these all the principal foreign exhibitors now having space in the World's Fair buildings at Jackson Park will be asked to exhibit their wares before Californians and visitors from the East and West.

Briggs Is Convicted.

ANOTHER step has been made by the General Assembly at Washington, in convicting Prof. Briggs of heresy. Wednesday night it sustained the appeal from the New York Presbytery by the following vote: To sustain, 28; to sustain in part, 85; total, 383; not to sustain, 116.

Protection for Americans.

AMERICANS in Hawaii have been free with comment on the action of the Provisional Government, and President Dole has endeavored to suppress them. Commissioner Blount has given notice that they must not be further harassed.

BREVITIES.

FIGURES furnished by the Bureau of Admission of the World's Fair show that 1,557,425 people passed through the gates during the month of May.

JAMES GILBERT, the dynamiter, who was sentenced for life for trying to blow up the British Parliament building in 1885, has been released from Portland prison. He is suffering with heart disease.

FATHER PEIFFER, a Catholic priest of Duell, Minn., is a believer in muscular Christianity. A warrant is out for his arrest for beating a parishioner who left the church while the contribution plate was being passed.

THE Spanish Club, of St. Louis, which has invited Mexicans who this year visit Chicago to accept the hospitality of St. Louis, is embarrassed because the necessary funds for entertainment cannot be raised.

ROANOKE, Ind., reports a terrible tragedy. Christian Habazov, while insane, cut his wife's throat, set his house on fire, and then took his own life. His body was found partly cremated in the ruins.

A MORTGAGE executed by the Erie Four Railroad to secure a loan of \$50,000,000 from the Mercantile Trust Company, of New York, and Theodore P. Hughey, of Indianapolis, trustee, was filed at Dayton, Ohio.

GOVERNOR FLOWER of New York, who is now in Chicago, is reported to have said: "The telephone and telegraph annihilate distance, and so far as public business goes it makes little difference whether I am in Albany or Chicago."

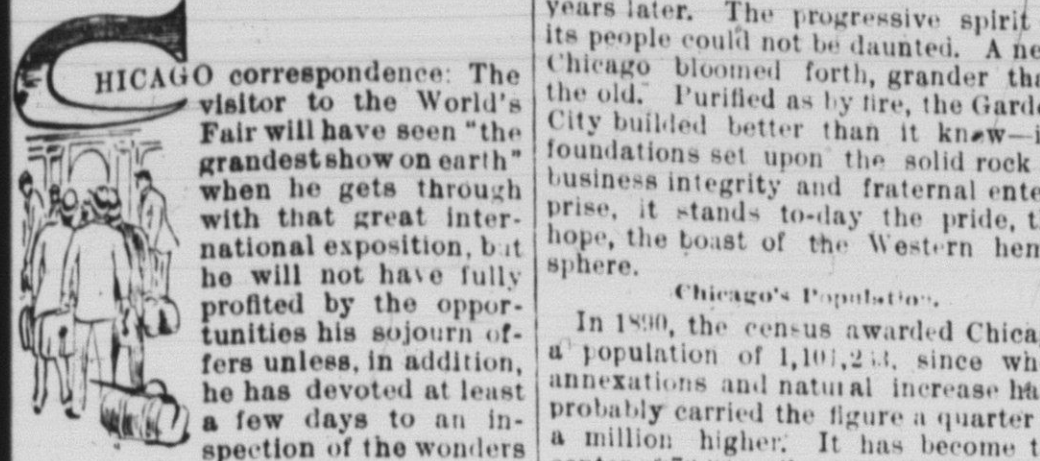
THE new Mexican stamp law provides that hereafter all advertisements of any communication sent to the newspapers in the nature of an advertisement must bear a 50 cent stamp. The newspapers are making a vigorous protest.

EX-SECRETARY FOSTER announces through the Associated Press that he is physically unable to answer the hundreds of letters and telegrams of sympathy which have poured in on him during the past few days, and takes this method of making a general acknowledgment of thanks for these kind expressions.

A SEVERE cyclone struck South Upatoi, demolishing several houses. At Chandler's Mill houses were blown down, and George Barker's wife and daughter are in the ruins and supposed to be fatally injured. At Gillespie's James Kinsley was killed and his wife badly injured, and in Banks County George Dowdy was killed.

AERONAUT PURCELL THOMAS undertook to make a parachute jump with an ordinary umbrella from the pinnacle of the Parade House at Buffalo Tuesday. The umbrella failed to check his descent and he was dashed to the pavement below before the eyes of his wife, who had intended to duplicate his feat.

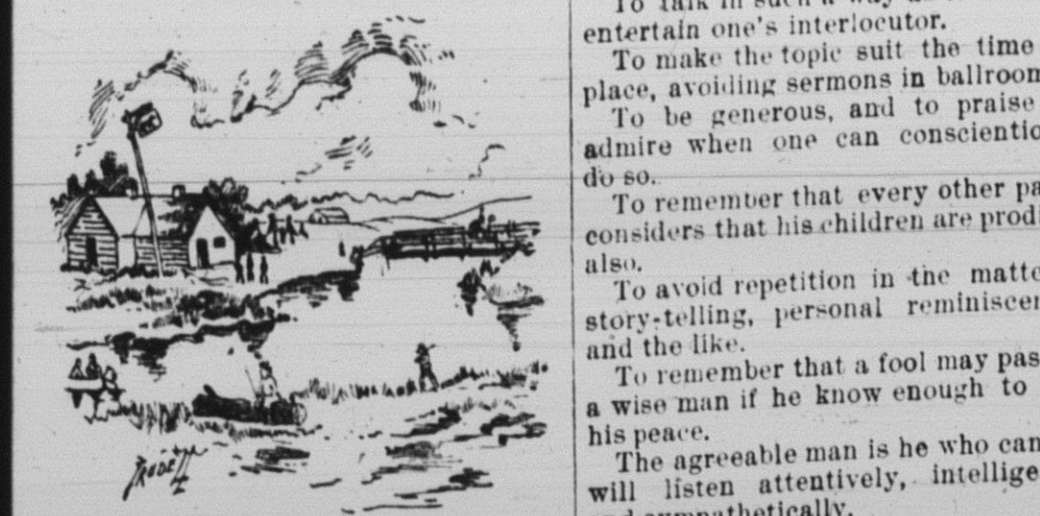
ROSEDALE, Miss., was wiped out by a cyclone. No definite details have been received. The southern part of Arkansas suffered great damage. No lives were lost but many buildings were completely demolished. Crops were swept away and live stock lost in great numbers.



CHICAGO correspondence: The visitor to the World's Fair will have seen "the grandest show on earth" when he gets through with that great international exposition, but he will not have fully profited by the opportunities his sojourn offers unless, in addition, he has devoted at least a few days to an inspection of the wonders of the World's Fair city itself. Chicago is the metropolitan marvel of the universe, and the stranger who takes in its main points of interest intelligently may gain an experience profitable, pleasing and instructive, and know in the true sense of the word what a real, modern city, and a representative American city at that, means, in these latter days of rapid progress. There are older cities, but not one in the galaxy claiming over a million inhabitants is so typical of the elements that go to "make the desert bloom as the rose," and perform the transition in an incredibly brief space of time. As it is wonderful to contemplate the fair White City at Jackson Park as the result of only two years' labor, so does it require a stupendous effort of the imagination to realize that Chicago, in less than half a century, has sprung up as if by magic on a site which, in the early '40's, was the lone home of the prairie wolf and the wild swamp fowl.

A Bit of History.
Viewed in a historical light Chicago has something more to boast of than the novelty, rush and bustle of the average frontier town of mushroom growth. Tragedy haunted its inception, might sorrows dignified its mature growth. The visitor contemplating a passing glance at the fair city by the lake, or the sojourner outlining a systematic inspection of its artistic, mercantile, and material splendors may, therefore, both profit by a preparatory peep into the story of the great metropolis, for the same is unique and impressive. Its original name, "Checagau," derived from that of a long line of Indian chiefs, was a happy selection, for it signified "strong." It was first known geographically as Fort Chica-zou in 1833, having been located as a station or stopping place by the good French priest, Father Marquette, ten years previous. It shared the inconsequential fate of border points until 1804, when the government built Fort Dearborn near its lake limit, which was destroyed by the Indians in 1812, amid a general massacre of its white inhabitants. Rebuilt, around this border stockade began to cluster hardy pioneers from the East, their numbers increasing, until August 10, 1833, a town organization was formed, the leaders of which, together with representatives of the government, the following month met in council with some 7,000 Potawatamies, who held an aboriginal claim to the district and arranged for their removal west of the Mississippi River. Then Chicago started on its race of wealth and progress. Four years later it emerged from obscurity as a full-fledged city with some 4,000 inhabitants, in ten years it had 30,000 people, in twenty 112,000, and, in 1871, fairly reaching the 300,000 mark, its proud inhabitants went to sleep one night, to awaken with their homes, their palaces of industry and art, all the accumulated wealth of years, swept into nothingness at a single fiery breath.

The Great Fire.
The great conflagration of Oct. 9, 1871, thrilled the entire world with its sudden awfulness. One division of the city and the richest part of another were entirely devastated. When men



CHICAGO IN 1837.
found time to reckon up their losses, 200 lay dead, 98,500 were homeless, and property to the value of \$620,000,000 was in ashes. Such a disaster might well induce men to give the spot over to the bat and the owl, or, slowly rebuilding, stagger back to half their former greatness. Not so Chicago! Phoenix-like, it arose from the embers of desolation. "Resurgam" was its hope, "nil desperandum" its motto. In a day a new building arose in the burnt district, in a week the debris was disappearing, in a year old scars were covered over. Financial panic and a second fire beat vainly against its stout walls a few

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

AN INTERESTING AND INSTRUCTIVE LESSON.

Reflections of an Elevating Character—Wholesome Food for Thought—Studying the Scriptural Lesson Intelligently and Profitably.

The Creator remembered. The lesson for Sunday, June 11, may be found in Eccl. 12: 1-7, 13, 14.

INTRODUCTORY.
In the pressure occasioned by anniversary intelligence all the regular departments of the Standard must, for a fortnight, at least, seek particular brevity. We, therefore, present but a few notes on the current lesson. It is, however, a scripture that speaks its own plain precepts, and in most forcible or suggestive passage is to be found in all God's word—that at the close of Ecclesiastes, wherein appears the ever pathetic story of the body's inevitable surrender to life's exactions. A word significant in the ears of the old, it has its major lessons for the young, and the admonition is so plainly on the surface that he who runs may read.

POINTS IN THE LESSON.
Something has been said as to what the wise son ought not to do. Now something as to what he certainly ought to do.

"Remember" is the first word, and a good first word for the young. It is a peculiar term, the root of the name Zachariah (whom Jehovah remembers). It means more than call to mind; it signifies also keep in mind; and refers to continuity of regard. Take God into the account.

"Remember now thy Creator," would seem, indeed, the most natural thing to do. Who should be most readily called to mind? Who should more easily be kept in thought than the one who framed the vehicle of thought? And gratitude should speak. The man who forgets his Creator is even worse than the one who despises his parents. How fearful in the face of God and angels earth's indifference and neglect must seem!

Does some one speak of "sowing your wild oats"? Do so, if it is wild oats you wish to reap, for in the harvest of this life we gather what we sow. And the picture here is of an old man who, having scattered such seed, has nothing better to pluck but weakness and misery in his old age. What a dismal scene. Darkened skies, perpetual cloud, weak sense, enfeebled energies, tottering limbs, voice gone, sight gone, appetite gone, fear and despair only left, at last the dreaded but indubitable dissolution—who would desire such an empty, miserable old age as this? It is the certain portion of those who sow their wild oats instead of good grain. Vanity!

And yet the weakness of old age must come upon the just and unjust. Only, the righteous has oil in his vessel for a higher kind of living. But as regards what the mere flesh has to suffer, here is a wonderfully true and vivid portrayal. Shall the trembling "keepers of the house" represent the hands, the "strong men" that "bow themselves" the legs, the few "grinders" the teeth, the daughters of music, the vocal chords? How significant of the decay of old age. Or shall the "almond tree" suggest the gray head, and the thin, jointed "grass-hopper," according to the caricature of the ancients, hint the decrepitude of age? Or shall we go the whole length with some analogists, and see in the loosed "silver cord" the spinal nerve thread, in the shattered "golden bowl" the heart ventricle or receptacle, the "pitcher broken at the fountain" the vein conduits, the wheel broken at the cistern, see the aorta or right artery pumping the life blood throughout the body? However far we go with our anatomical analogy, the similitude is plain. It is the message of death and decay written in all our members.

HINTS AND ILLUSTRATIONS.
A lesson for the young; a lesson, however, which the old can best deliver. The chapter which precedes has been telling some of the things which it is best for youth to avoid; this chapter turns from the negative to the positive, and enjoins some things which it would be wise for the young to cultivate. Suppose the class be turned into an experience meeting, and the older people intimate what they would like to do had they life to live over again. Or, let the teacher out of his own experience and observation suggest the principles of a life well lived. It is a time for those beginning life to listen, to listen and ponder.

There are no contrasts like those of the extremes of life. The contrast between a Christian young man and worldly young man is distinct. But it is not more marked than the contrast between an old man who has a hope in God and the one who has not. I used to see two neighbors. Both old and living adjacent to each other, they were as far apart in spirit and temper as the poles. One looking gloomily forward to nothing beyond this life, the other had a face shining with the glowing intimations of immortality. "Lord, let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his."

"I wouldn't be what you are," said a wild young man to one who had recently given his heart to the Lord, "for the world." But how about two worlds? Yes, and how about the present world when the evil days come, and infirmity and old age? Have you considered the end? Have you taken it all into consideration? Are you wise?

Remember God. Get God's help for all of life's demands. You will need it, need it all. "Your hand, sire, first, that hand of conquest!" said the young officer to Wellington when the latter bade him to ride on a hazardous errand across the field of battle. Remember God's hand. Get the grip of it before you start. Some time you will, like Joseph, want the arms (fingers) of your hands to be "made strong by the hands of the mighty God of Jacob." Be on God's side, the winning side.

Next Lesson—"Messiah's Kingdom." Mal. 3: 1-12.

BILLS THAT PASSED.

Epitome of the Work of the Legislature of 1893.

Aside from the regular appropriation bills, and measures having but local interest, the Legislature ground out a big grist, the more important measures being as follows:

- Senate Bills.**
 - To repeal the Miner law.
 - Requesting Congress to submit amendment regarding election of United States Senators.
 - Constitutional amendment relative to the salaries of State officers.
 - Authorizing the Board of Trustees of Eastern Michigan Asylum to sell and convey certain lands in exchange for other land.
 - Proposing an amendment to Constitution relative to Circuit Courts.
 - Amending act extending aid to university, so as to provide for a one-sixth mill tax.
 - To authorize cities and villages to acquire, by purchase or condemnation, toll and plank roads.
 - Repealing act No. 172 of the public acts of 1892.
 - Providing for the incorporation of the supreme commandery and subordinate commanderies of United Friends.
 - To amend No. 106 of 1892 relating to boards of trade.
 - To amend No. 23 of the public acts of 1887 relating to English sparrows.
 - Providing for a commission to locate places occupied by Michigan regiments at Chickamauga.
 - To authorize the city of Grand Rapids to issue its bonds for improvement of Grand River.
 - Amending act to regulate the practice of dentistry.
 - Amending act establishing the State Industrial Home for Girls.
 - Providing separate grades for railroads and public highways.
 - Amending act to revise the incorporation of manufacturing companies.
 - Amending act providing for fee for attorneys employed by courts.
 - Providing for incorporation of grand, supreme, and subordinate lodges, United Home Protectors.
 - Providing for the incorporation of the Happy Home Club of America.
 - Amending act preventing the issuing or soliciting of unauthorized fire and marine insurance policies.
 - Providing that all persons employed as female help in stores shall be provided with seats when actively employed.
 - To authorize railroad companies to sell, lease and convey property to one another.
 - General law for incorporating fraternal beneficiary organizations.
 - Amending act relating to game wardens.
 - To authorize commencement of proceedings against the U. S. & M. S.
 - Proposing an amendment to constitution relative to qualifications of voters.
 - Providing for a board of control for the Michigan Industrial School for Boys.
 - Allowing the use of the Myers voting machine.
 - Making it unlawful for a foreign insurance company to place insurance except through agents in Michigan.
 - To amend sections 38, 39, and 40 of chapter 106 of laws of 1891.
 - To provide for associations for establishing scholarships in the U. of M.
 - To provide for the control of the State public school.
 - To consolidate the laws for the control of prisons.
 - Providing for a State naval militia.
 - Gold cure bill.
 - To amend act relating to Industrial School for Boys.
 - To amend act incorporating charitable societies.
 - Providing for the control of the Industrial Home for Girls.
 - Re-enacting State system of choosing electors.
 - Inheritance tax bill.
 - Increasing salary of four State officers.
 - Increasing salary of Attorney General.
 - For the protection of tollers against unjust demands on the part of employers.
 - Bank half holiday bill.
 - Factory inspection bill.
 - Prescribing the legal day's work for brakemen.
 - Taxing Michigan Central in accordance with provisions of the general law.
 - Raising the salaries of the Supreme Court justices from \$5,000 to \$7,000 each.
 - Compelling foreign corporations to keep a list of their stockholders in this State.
 - Relative to the distribution of copies of the new road law.
 - Making telegraph companies common carriers.
 - State fish appropriation.
 - Providing for taking the census in 1894.
 - Relative to sale and transportation of fish and game.
 - Amendatory of the election law.
 - General tax bill.

- House Bills.**
 - To amend section two of act No. 379 of the local acts of 1891.
 - To amend sections one and two of act No. 193 of the public acts of 1889.
 - To amend section 5103 of Howell's annotated statutes relative to primary schools.
 - To fix per diem compensation of the upper peninsula members of the legislature.
 - To reduce the number of police justices and fix the salaries in Grand Rapids.
 - Amending act relating to school commissioners and school examiners.
 - To amend an act approved May 18, 1893, relating to common carriers.
 - Prohibiting the sale of liquors in waters in the jurisdiction of the State lying outside the boundaries of cities or villages.
 - Amending sections 43, 62, 74, 77, 80, 96, and 106 of act No. 249 of the public acts of 1891.
 - Amending act No. 124 of the public acts of 1891 by adding new section relating to elections.
 - To prevent the killing, hunting or molesting of English pheasants.
 - To amend sections 2 and 4 of an act providing for the assessment of taxes.
 - Repealing act No. 33, relating to Soldiers' Home.
 - To amend section 10 of the public acts of 1887 and add new section to stand as section 11.
 - Authorizing proceedings in the Circuit Courts in chancery relating to laying, dredging and plating into streets and alleys of lands owned by infants, idiots and lunatics.
 - Authorizing the Secretary of State to compile Michigan and its Resources.
 - Amending act relating to insurance companies.
 - To provide for the erection of two cottages at the Northern Michigan Asylum.
 - To provide for the incorporation of the Order of Hermann's Sons.
 - Amending the act incorporating Baptist churches.
 - Amending act incorporating Baptist conventions in the State.
 - To amend law relating to township boards of health.
 - To amend the act relating to deputy and under sheriffs—anti-Pinkerton act.
 - To amend section 1591 of Howell's annotated statutes.
 - To amend section 28 of chapter 150 of the laws of 1871.
 - To provide for the sale or lease of railroad equipments.
 - To amend act relating to franchise fees by corporations.
 - To amend sections 1 and 2 of act No. 154 of acts of 1893.
 - To provide a general law for incorporating institutions for treatment of disease.
 - Providing for the inspection of illuminating oils.
 - To allow use of Rhines vote recorder.
 - To provide for the incorporation of associations to erect and own buildings to be used for stores, offices and halls.
 - To enable agricultural societies to reorganize.
 - To provide for control of the School for the Blind.
 - Providing for the protection of Antwerp or homing pigeons.
 - Repealing the Ladies' Aid Society Auxiliary to the S. O. V.
 - To amend act for the organization of school districts in Upper Peninsula.
 - To amend act for the incorporation of institutions of learning.
 - Providing a penalty for malicious injury to telegraph or telephone property.
 - Providing for an insane asylum in the Upper Peninsula.
 - To amend an act relating to burying grounds.
 - To authorize the State Board of Education to grant teachers' certificates.
 - To amend section 10, of chapter 150, of the laws of 1871.

THE WEEK AT LANSING.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE IS DOING.

An Impartial Record of the Work Accomplished by Those Who Make Our Laws—How the Time Has Been Occupied During the Past Week.

The Law-Makers.
Pandemonium reigned in Michigan legislative halls Friday night. Senators and Representatives dispersed themselves like schoolboys, peited each other with paper wads, and raised such a racket that business was impossible. It was the last night of the session. Among the measures which were hustled into the Governor's office for his signature were the following: Requiring life insurance companies doing business in Michigan on or before Jan. 1, 1896, to have their liabilities and the valuation of their outstanding policies computed on the basis of American experience life tables at interest of 4 per cent. per annum; providing a penalty for the willful killing of insured live stock with intent to defraud insurance companies. Providing for the appointment of a dairy commission. Providing for the taking of the State census in 1894, and raising the salaries of the justices of the supreme court from \$5,000 to \$7,000 per year. Governor Rich sent to the Senate the name of Theodore C. Sherwood for reappointment as State Banking Commissioner, and named the following important State boards:

Members of State Board of Health—Samuel G. Milnes, Grand Rapids; George H. Granger, Bay City.

Live Stock Sanitary Commission—Jonathan J. Woodman, Paw Paw.

Trustees of Northern Michigan Asylum—Loren Roberts, Traverse City; William A. French, Bell.

Prison Board—O. M. Barnes, Lansing; W. H. Elliott, Detroit; Albert Stites, Jackson.

State House of Correction—A. F. Kelsey, Ionia; J. McCroul, Detroit; Louis Kintz, Muskegon.

Marquette Prison—W. F. N. Davis, Menominee; J. M. Wilkinson, Marquette; Richard M. Hoar, Houghton.

Criminal Insane—E. C. Reed, Allegan; C. C. Vaughn, St. John's; W. H. Mattison.

State Public School—Byron M. Spofford, Coldwater; Thomas Mays, Berrien Center; Isaac Fancher, Mount Pleasant.

Industrial School for Boys—William Donovan, Lansing; Harvey Rowleson, Hillsdale; Ira Sayers, Flushing.

School for the Blind—G. Willis Remont, Lansing; Charles Montague, Caro; T. W. Crissey, Midland.

School for the Deaf—Charles S. Brown, Flint; J. A. Trotter, Vassar; C. B. Turner, Pontiac.

Industrial Home for Girls—David Metcalf, Avon; Mrs. A. T. Bliss, Saginaw; Geo. Spaulding, Monroe.

Railroad Crossing Board—Milo D. Campbell, Coldwater; Albert Stephenson, Detroit.

Mice Scare Elephants.

To institute a comparison between an elephant and a woman sounds rather rude, but the fact has been very clearly demonstrated that each acts in about the same manner when confronted with such a harmless creature as a mouse. Sunday, in the winter quarters of the Barnum & Bailey circus in Bridgeport, Conn., a test was made to determine the degree of fear—if any—that a rodent would exercise on such beasts as the elephant, lion, tiger, panther, leopard and hyena. The result is most interesting. Keeper Conking tied a string around the body of a mouse and introduced it into the elephant cage near where the largest of a herd of thirteen pachyderms stood. It was a lucky thing that that elephant's hind legs were manacled with chains with links two inches thick. The big beast no sooner saw the little mouse than he reared up on his hind legs in fright. Down he came, and then began to tug at the chains. The mouse scampered around as far as the limit of the string would allow him, and the small eyes of the big elephant followed him in terror. Finding it useless to try to break his chains, the big elephant began to tremble all over, and then turned squarely around and began to trumpet and scream.

The same experiment was tried on all the other elephants, and their terror was equally great, except in the case of Dot, the clown elephant, who simply looked at the rodent a moment and then, filling his great lungs with air, he put his trunk down by that mouse and blew him out of the way with such force that the string broke and the mouse ran off. The quarters of the lions, the tigers, the panthers, the leopards, and the hyenas were then visited to see how they would receive the mice. The lions were made acquainted with a big rat that bit their noses when they became familiar, and caused them to make ugly faces. They did not seem to be frightened at the rat, but they didn't seem to care to meddle with him a second time and he escaped. The panthers, leopards and hyenas gobbled up the rodents. The tigers were very much frightened at sight of the mice and roared and tore around as though they were crazy. One of them, however, a royal Bengal tiger, which has only been from its native jungles a few months, was not scared. It sniffed awhile and then gave the tiny mouse a blow with its paw that forever settled its career.

Low, Calm and Easy Train.

The train crew of the Flying Yankee had a funny experience on one of their west-bound trips upon reaching Gardiner one afternoon last week. The train was an hour late, and tearing down the line at a great rate, when a most ambitious mulley cow and her calf, which, it seems, had inherited something of the same quality, concluded to try a race with the Maine Central's pride. They started, making good time, but the train soon gained a lap, and the cow was struck by the engine and actually turned end for end, but, strange to say, was little injured. The calf turned around, addressed some loud bovine language to the train and showed fight, but the train had passed before he finished the preliminaries of an attack.—Portland (Me.) Argus.

It Blooms Once in 100 Years.

There are now blooming in St. Augustine sixteen plants of the species commonly called the century plant. A towering column rises out of the plant to a height of sixty feet, but it is often relegated to the rubbish heap as worthless after flowering, for the reason that as a thing of beauty it has no further charms for the eye. Yet many thousands of the shaving people of the world utilize this shaft of the plant. They make use of it as a razor strop.

DON'T DO IT AGAIN.

Don't neglect to visit the Wall Paper rooms of the Bank Drug Store when in search of beautiful patterns at bottom prices. Their stock is going fast which evidence of the bargains they are offering but they still give you satisfaction.

DON'T

forget that their stock of paints and oils are guaranteed in every particular, and it will pay you to look the goods over.

DON'T

think because they are selling Groceries about 25 per cent below the usual price, that goods are not up to the proper standard of quality. They are guaranteed everytime.

DON'T

FAIL TO READ THESE PRICES.

Raw Linseed oil 51c per gal.
Boiled " " 54c per gal.
25 lbs of sulphur for \$1.
23 boxes of matches for 25c.
Unexcelled baking powder 20c per lb.
Pure cider vinegar 18c per gal.
Best crackers 4 lbs for 25c.
Cleaned English currants 10c per lb.
Tea dust 11c per lb.
4 boxes 8 oz tacks for 5c.
Saleratus 6c per lb.
Herring 20c per box.
6 doz clothes pins for 5c.
Good toothpicks 5c box.
Lemons 18c per doz.
Oranges and Bananas.

Wool twine 5c per lb.
All Patent Medicines one-fourth off.
Good New Orleans Molasses 25c gal.
3 cans best pumpkin for 25c.
8 lbs rolled oats for 25c.
Rice 5c per lb.
Good raisins 8c per lb.
Fine Japan Tea 30c per lb.
Two packages yeast cakes for 5c.
Gloss Starch 6c per lb.
Sugar syrup 25c per gal.
Presto fine cut tobacco 28c per lb.
Finest spices that can be bought.
Headlight kerosene oil 9c per gal.
Best dried beef 10c per lb.
Good coffee 19c per lb.

Verily, merrily, more and more,
It pays to trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE.

GO TO W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.'s

FOR
Boots. Hats. Gloves. **GROceries**
Shoes. Caps. Mittens.

AND GET THE WORTH OF YOUR MONEY.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO SELL { An advertisement in THE STANDARD will work for you Sundays and holidays, and will bring in large returns for money invested } **ADVERTISE IT IN THE STANDARD**

ASTHMA Dr. Taft's **ASTHMALENE** contains no opium or other bad drugs, but destroys the specific asthma poison in the blood, gives night's sweet sleep and **CURES** so that you need not neglect your business or sit up all night gasping for breath for fear of suffocation. For sale by all druggists. **DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO., ROCHESTER, N. Y.**

WE WANT RIGHT AWAY Reliable men in every section of America to represent us, advertise and keep our show cards tacked up in towns, on trees and fences along public roads. Steady work in your own county. **\$75 A MONTH. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID EVERY TWO WEEKS WHEN STARTED.** J. H. SCHAAF & CO., CINCINNATI, O.

**You Will Be Robbed
In Chicago
During the World's Fair
If You Are
Not Posted**

Every subscriber to the SATURDAY BLADE OF CHICAGO LEEGER will receive a Free Certificate entitling the holder to call at our office at any hour, day or night, or Sunday, during the World's Fair, and we will locate you at whatever priced room you wish. We personally investigate boarding houses, rooms, for rent, hotels, etc., and can save you a great deal of money. This department has a postoffice, reading and waiting room, baggage and parcel room, telegraph office, waiting room. All these privileges are Absolutely Free to every subscriber. The Saturday Blade is a highly illustrated weekly newspaper. The Chicago Ledger is a well known family and literary illustrated weekly. These papers are the most interesting weeklies extant and have the largest circulation of any weekly newspapers in the world—300,000 copies weekly. The price of either paper is \$2 per year, \$1 for six months, or three months for 50c. Send in your subscription. A guide to Chicago and the World's Fair, also sample copies, sent free to any address.

**THE SATURDAY BLADE
THE CHICAGO LEDGER
LARGEST WEEKLIES
IN THE WORLD
500,000 COPIES
WEEKLY.**
W. D. BOYCE, 115-117 5th Ave., Chicago.

WEDDING STATIONERY — A fine line can be found at this office. Printed from New Type.
Ripans Tabules cure the blues.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure scrofula.

FINE If you are in need of Printing of any kind call at the Standard Steam Printing House, Chelsea, Mich. Bill Heads, Note Velopes, Receipts, Wedding Stationery, Statements, Dodgers, Business Cards, Auction Bills, Horse Bills, Pamphlets, Etc.
JOB PRINTING

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1893.

LADY BOUNTIFUL FOOLED.

The Two Little Urchins Were Not So Hungry as They Appeared.

It was a poor, shivering little boy and his brother who accosted my Lady Bountiful in Temple place, and their plan was:

"Won't you please give me 5 cents? I'm so hungry!"

She was a tender hearted little woman, and yet she was wondrous wise. She had read and heard stories of the danger of giving money to beggars on the street, and although they looked so young and innocent she decided that it was better not to trust them. My lady was in a great hurry, too, but the possibility of their really being hungry was appalling.

So she said, "You come with me, and I'll see that you get something to eat," and escorted her gamin friends to a luncheon counter which she and her acquaintances patronize when they are exhausted with the fatigue of matching silks and selecting bargain gloves. Putting 50 cents into the hands of a little waitress whom she knew, she said:

"Please see that these little fellows have something to eat. I think that the money I have given you will be enough."

The smiling faces of the youngsters seemed already to reward her for her trouble, and she went on her way rejoicing.

She was so delighted with the success of her experiment that she seriously thought of writing an essay for one of the magazines upon "The Scientific Method of Helping the Poor."

It happened that a friend was with her the next time she went to lunch in that establishment, to whom she was telling the story of her clever method of providing for the little boys' needs.

"You see," she explained sweetly, "no drunken father or mother could take that money from the children, and I secured them at least one good meal."

Just then the little waitress stood beside her chair and exclaimed:

"Oh, Miss Bountiful, I have been hoping to see you! You remember those two little boys you brought in here the other day?"

"Why, yes, I was just speaking about them. Did they enjoy their dinner?"

"Well, yes, although they were not very hungry, I guess. All they wanted was a 5-cent piece of pie, and they didn't even finish that. Each one asked for his 20 cents change, and of course I had no right to keep it. So I gave it to them."

The young lady and her friend have no faith now in that particular scientific method of helping the unfortunate classes.—Boston Herald.

One Man Can't Know Everything.

No one can be an encyclopedia. There is only one man living who has read through the whole of the Encyclopedia Britannica, and one other man who has read through the whole of Chambers' Encyclopedia, but there is nobody else. We do not expect every man to know or understand electrical machinery. One is not ashamed of ignorance as to Quaternions, or as to the anatomy of the muscles, or as to the Philosophy of the Unconditioned, or the mysteries of Chinese Philosophy—in fact, we compromise with each other. We allow ignorances. We do not deride a man who owns that in many things, as in the matter of Turkey Rhubarb, his mind is a blank. Let us allow, therefore, to all but medical men ignorance about the whole of the Pharmacopoeia—where it grows, where it is prepared, and all about it.—Walter Besant in London Queen.

The Premature Alarm.

A Germantown lady was coming home the other afternoon, with a small alarm clock that she had been having repaired, when she concluded to drop in at the service at St. Luke's. She was walking down the aisle, when all at once there broke out a noise like a slightly muffled cable car going at Seventh and Market, on a busy afternoon. Every head was turned in the direction of the new comer, and she was almost paralyzed. It was that alarm clock that had gone off prematurely. The sequel of that little clock's indiscretion can better be imagined than described.—Philadelphia Press.

A Sweet Thought.

Little Effie—Do you love me very much, mamma?
Mamma (a widow)—Yes, my darling.
Little Effie—Then why don't you marry the man at the candy store?—Vogue.

Unknown to Him.

"I never destroy a receipt, do you?" said Bunting to Gilley.
"I don't think I ever saw one," replied Gilley.—Bessie Monks.

SHOE SALE

Closing out my entire Shoe Stock at

COST! COST!

See our Shoes and
SAVE MONEY!

Respectfully,

GEO. H. KEMPF



For the present we offer

Special LOW Prices!

on the following:

Refrigerators, Gasoline Stoves, Corn Planters and Lawn Mowers.

Walker Buggies at Factory Prices. Baby Carriages at Lowest Prices ever heard of.

W. J. KNAPP.

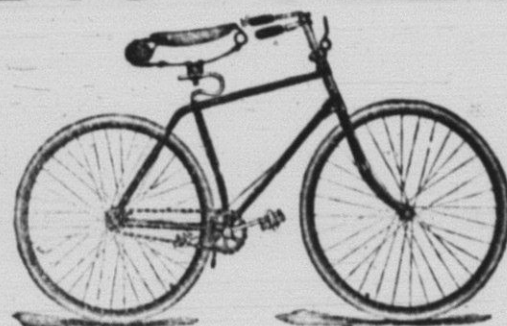
Great Triumph.

Instant relief experienced and a permanent cure by the most speedy and greatest remedy in the world—Otto's Cure for lung and throat diseases. Why will you continue to irritate your throat and lungs with that terrible hacking cough when F. P. Glazier & Co., sole agents, will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. Otto's Cure is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Samples free. Large bottles 50c.

Glad Tidings.

The grand specific for the prevailing malady of the age, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the nerves. This great hermal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50c. Sold only by F. P. Glazier & Co.

BICYCLES



Are something everyone should have

COLUMBIAS ARE WARRANTED

And backed by the oldest bicycle house in America, the largest in the world, a plant of superlative excellence in machinery and skilled workmanship, a MILLION DOLLARS paid in capital, a large surplus, and a reputation unmatched in cycloedom, catalogues and pamphlet, furnished upon application.

Pope Mfg. Co. Boston, Mass.

M. B. MOON, Agt.,
CHELSEA, MICH.

WM. KAY

will open a

LUNCH and ICE CREAM PARLOR

in the building east of
J. J. Raftrey's tailor shop

Saturday, May 14,

and requests a share
of your patronage.

Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules banish pain.
Ripans Tabules have come to stay.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

DON'T

When you can have immediate relief, a perfect, speedy, and permanent cure without pain or soreness, and a remedy which dries instantly and soils nothing by using

SUFFER WITH THAT CORN

LIEBIG'S CORN CURE.

For the entire removal of hard or soft



Corns, Calluses and Bunions

And other irritations of the skin.

Cure Guaranteed or Money Returned.

25c. at Drug Stores, Mailed for 30c.

J. R. HOFFLIN & CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

To Ye Who Have Little Faith



Will Save You.

It is a new and complete treatment, consisting of a special diet, and a special ointment, and a guaranteed cure for Piles, hemorrhoids, and many other diseases and troubles, which have been known to cure the general health. The cure is a medical cure, rendering no operation, and the cure is necessary hereafter. This remedy has never been known to fail. One per box, six for \$5.00, sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price. Why put off from this terrible disease when you can get a guaranteed remedy?

JOSEPH R. HOFFLIN & CO.,

Druggist, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE

Positively given by The Japanese Remedies Co. to each purchaser of six boxes, when purchased at one time, to refund the \$5.00 paid if not cured.

PATENTS

Caveats and Reissues secured. Trade marks registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted.

Upon receipt of model or sketch of invention I make careful examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge from the Patent Office, and attention is specially called to the perfect and long established facilities for making prompt preliminary searches for most vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care, in the shortest possible time. Rejected cases a specialty.

FEES MODERATE and exclusive attention given to patent business. Book of information and advice, and special references sent without charge upon request.

J. R. HOFFLIN,
Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Opposite U. S. Patent Office.

Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.

Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.

Ripans Tabules prolong life.